The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,976—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1880.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (LIMITED)

Will despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. CHINSURA, 2,033 Tons, on THURSDAY, 11th November, 1880, at 3 p.m., calling at Ruttnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Coompta, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Masulipatam, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S.S. PUTTIALLA, 839 Tons, on TUESDAY, 16th November, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, on SATURDAY, 13th November, 1880, at 10 a. m.

FOR RANGOON.

S. S. ELLORA, 2,027 Tons, on THURSDAY, 25th November, 1880, calling at Cochin and Negapatam.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. JAVA, 1,467 Tons, on THURSDAY, 18th November, 1880.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 9th November, 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

The Regular Steamers Leave

GENOA and BOMBAY on the 21th, of each Month, on the 1st

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40
Suez	" 360	" 220	" 90
Port Said	" 380	" 240	" 90
Messina	" 500	" 310	" 140
Naples	" 500	" 310	" 140
Leghorn	" 500	" 310	" 140
Genoa	" 500	" 310	" 140
Marseilles	" 520	" 350	" 145

Including Wines. Without food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

Next steamers from Bombay :—

SUMATRA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st December, 1880.
SINGAPORE, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st January, 1881.
MANILBA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st February, 1881.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation, and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The Steamers of this Company start precisely at 12 noon. Any unavoidable alteration hereafter, to be advertised at least one day previously.

First and Second Class Through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can be booked at through-rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.

Bombay, 1st November, 1880.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

FORTNIGHTLY BETWEEN

BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL (VIA MALTA).

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

s.s. BRANKSOME HALL	Sailing about	10th Nov.
s.s. CITY OF BALTIMORE	do.	1st Dec.
s.s. TRENTHAM HALL	do.	18th Dec.
s.s. RYDALE HALL	do.	31st Dec.
s.s. WISTOW HALL	do.	15th Jan.
s.s. SPEKE HALL	do.	29th Jan.

These fast Steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay Trade.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

For plans, hand-books of information, and any further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co. } Agents.

Bombay, 23rd Sept., 1880.

ANCHOR LINE OF TRANSATLANTIC, PENINSULAR, MEDITERRANEAN, AND INDIAN STEAMSHIPS.

INDIAN SERVICE between BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, and MEDITERRANEAN.

	Commanders	Tons. H.P.	Noml.
s.s. HISPANIA	James Laird	3300 400	8th Dec.
s.s. MACEDONIA	Thos. Martin	2272 486	8th do.
s.s. INDIA	Geo. H. Read	2289 300	22nd do.
s.s. ASSYRIA	Thos. Knox	1623 424	5th Jan.
s.s. OLYMPIA	John Craig	2050 424	19th do.
s.s. BRITANNIA	R. Hutchinson	3060 400	6th Feb.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

s.s. HISPANIA	James Laird	3300 400	about 8th Dec.
s.s. INDIA	Thos H. Read	2289 300	22nd do.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.

s.s. MACEDONIA	Thos Martin	2272 486	8th Dec.
s.s. ASSYRIA	Thos J. Knox	1623 424	5th Jan.

These Steamers have been specially fitted for the Indian Trade, and have accommodation for a large number of Saloon Passengers.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

Fare through to New York ..... Rs. 600
" Liverpool ..... " 500
" Marseilles and Genoa ..... " 450
" Naples ..... " 400

For plans, hand-books of information, and for any further information apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Graham's Buildings, Bombay.

N.B.—The New York passages are booked in connection with the Company's Atlantic Mail Service, either from Greenock or from London.

There are weekly sailings from either place.

KEMP'S MEDICINE CHESTS

ARE still unrivalled in their completeness and their happy adaptation to the circumstances of life in India. They are alike approved by medical men and the public, and have been of immense service in the preservation of life, health, and comfort. Their arrangement is based on the principle that while the unnecessary use of medicines and the neglect to call in timely medical aid are alike to be deprecated, there are yet many simple and some grave emergencies against which every person ought to be, as far as possible, provided till the arrival of professional assistance. A COMPLETE LIST AND DESCRIPTION OF ALL THE DIFFERENT CHESTS WILL BE FURNISHED TO ENQUIRERS.

The following will show the principal varieties kept in stock :—

LEATHER CHESTS.—Very convenient for travelling and handy in packing; not affected by climate. Nos. 12 and 29 are suitable for a small Camp.

Prices	Nos. ...	1	2	3	12	13	29
Complete	Rs. ...	40	38	24	45	42	75

POLISHED WOOD CHESTS.—Mostly mahogany, some rose-wood, walnut, oak, and teak. These are all domestic chests, and vary in size from the small bedroom case to the more complete one of the mofussil officer. Nos. 4, 5, and 6 are strongly recommended as good family chests.

Prices	Nos...	4	5	6	9	14	19	22	24	25	26	27	28
Complete	Rs. ...	39	44	50	70	17	65	80	43	53	59	66	100

GRAINED WOOD CHESTS.—These are more or less of a large size, and suitable for railway companies, contractors, industrialists, and other employers of labour. No. 8 is much recommended.

Prices	Nos....	7	8	16	17	18
Complete	Rs....	60	100	70	85	130

MOROCCO POCKET CASES.—Contain from six to a dozen phials; convenient in short journeys or when a small quantity of kit only is carried.

Rs. 5, 6, 9, and 10.

Besides, the above there are several patterns in Japanned Tin, useful for sea voyages or where wet is to be guarded against, and in addition to our regular patterns, we fit up the following special chests.

DR. MOORE'S MEDICINE CHEST,

Containing the remedies recommended in his work, "FAMILY MEDICINE FOR INDIA,"

AND

DR. HUNTER'S DISTRICT CHEST,

Fitted up according to his work,

"MODERN DOMESTIC MEDICINE."

All the chests are furnished with a copy of

KEMP'S MEDICINE CHEST COMPANION, which the "LANCET" has characterized as "a very useful little companion to the Medicine Chest," and which discribes the uses and doses of almost every commonly known remedy.

"THE MEDICINE CHESTS ARE MODELS OF COMPACTNESS, AND THIS LITTLE BOOK WILL BE NO UNCERTAIN GUIDE TO THE POSSESSOR OF ONE OF THEM."—*Indian Statesman.*

D. S. KEMP AND CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as follows :—

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	1880.
s. INDUS	3462 600	S. D. Shallard	13th Nov.
— SURAT	3112 530	W. E. Breeze	20th "
s. NIZAM	2725 450	G. W. Brady	27th "
— MONGOLIA	2833 530	E. M. Edmond, R. N. R.	4th Dec.
s. VERONA	3116 600	E. Ashdown	11th "
— THIBET	3263 460	W. H. Jordan	18th "
s. ROSETTA	3500 700	A. E. Barlow	25th "

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	1880.
MIRZAPORE	3387 600	A. Parish, R.N.R.	19th Nov.
LOMBARDY	3723 450	J. B. Chapman	3rd Dec.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Return Tickets at reduced rates available for 3 months are now issued :—

From Bombay to Brindisi or Venice and back ... Rs. 950
Do. do. with option of travelling one way *viâ* Southampton ... Rs. 1,000

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Do. to Galle (available for 2 months)	150	75
Do. to Penang and Singapore (do)	450	235

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 27th Oct., 1880.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

MELBOURNE EXHIBITION.

SPECIAL FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for SIX MONTHS, will be issued to Passengers visiting the Exhibition by the steamer of the 4th June and subsequent fortnightly steamers, at the REDUCED FARE of RUPEES SIX HUNDRED.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 25th Oct., 1880.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

EXTRA STEAMER TO HONGKONG,

CALLING AT COLOMBO, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

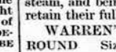
THE S. S. AVOCA will be despatched for the above ports on the 29th November, 1880.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

November 1st, 1880.

STEAM TO LONDON.

TO SAIL ABOUT 11TH DECEMBER.



MR. ALFRED HOLT'S fast Steamer "ORESTES," 2,950 tons Reg., 300 H. P. nominal, J. K. WEBSTER, commander, will be DESPATCHED as above.

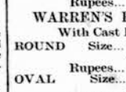
This Steamer has splendid accommodation for a large number of passengers.

For rates and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.



THE Company's following steamers will be despatched from Bombay as above.

Vessels.	Captains.
s.s. TEBE	D. Lucich ... 27th Nov., 1880.
s.s. VORWAERTS	G. Marussig, 5th Jan., 1881.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140 0
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	375	265	143 0
To Port Said	320	225	131 0
To Suez	300	210	122 0
To Aden	170	130	66 8

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, October 27th, 1880.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEES and MANAGERS ..... MESSRS. NORVILLE AND CROFTON.
STAGE MANAGER ..... Mr. J. BURTON.

Season 1880-81.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

OPENING NIGHT,
SATURDAY, 20TH NOVEMBER, 1880,
NEW COMPANY
NEW ACT-DROP
NEW SCENERY
NEW MUSIC

Early application is desirable for the few remaining Boxes and Stalls.

The plan may be seen, and seats secured, at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co. daily

GEO. NORVILLE,
Business Manager.

WANTED by a first-class SHIPPING HOUSE in XERES DE LA FRONTERA, agents in each of the Presidencies for the sale of Sherries. Some of these Wines are particularly well suited for India, being entirely unalcoholized. Apply, with London reference, to "Xeres," care of Messrs. C. R. CROSSLEY & Co., Advertising Contractors, 38, Poultry, London.

BOMBAY TRACT & BOOK SOCIETY.

DEPOT for RELIGIOUS BOOKS and PERIODICALS in ENGLISH and the VERNACULARS.

CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR CARDS.—an immense variety at the Cheapest Rates.

The Public are specially invited to inspect the stock now on view; it contains a large variety of GIFT BOOKS and an extensive collection of Books in the different departments of CHRISTIAN, as well as many in GENERAL LITERATURE.

CAPT. WARREN'S
PATENT COOKING UTENSILS,

Compared with ordinary Cooking, effect a saving of TWO OUNCES IN THE POUND OR 12½ PER CENT.

They thus produce

GREAT ECONOMY IN THE KITCHEN.

BY WARREN'S PROCESS, Meats are cooked without coming in contact with water or steam, and being prepared in their own vapour, they retain their full flavour and nutritious properties.

WARREN'S PATENT COOKING POTS.

ROUND	Size...	4	6	8	10 quarts.
	Rupees...	7-8	9	11	12-8 each.
OVAL	Size...	12½	14	15½	16½ 18 inches.
	Rupees...	15	18-8	22-8	25 30 each.
BELLIED	Size...	3	4	5	6 8 gall.
	Rupees...	18	22	27	30 35 each.

WARREN'S PATENT COOKING POTS.

With Cast Iron Boilers, tinned inside.

ROUND	Size...	6	8	10 quarts.
	Rupees...	9-8	11	12-8 each.
OVAL	Size...	4	5	6 gall.
	Rupees...	21-8	23	26 each.

WARREN'S PATENT CURRY PANS.

10 inch size, each Rs. 5-4.

WARREN'S PATENT BOILER.

For making Beef Tea, Soup, Broth, &c., for Invalids. The vessel holds 3 gall. and the cooker part 1 gall. Each Rs. 25.

WARREN'S PATENT FISH KETTLES.

Size.....	18	20	22	inches.
Rupees....	18-8	21	25	each.

WARREN'S PATENT CORRUGATED BROILERS.

Supersede Gridirons and Frying Pans.

Size...	9	10½	12	inches.	
OVAL, Tinned and fitted with Clip	Rupees...	3-8	4-8	each.	
OVAL, Tinned and fitted with Hinge	"	...	3-12	5	"
Round Tinned of improved pattern	"	3-4	...	...	"

GENERAL HUTCHINSON'S
PATENT ECONOMICAL CAFETIERES

Fully extract the Aroma and Nutritious Properties from the Berry, the water being kept in contact with the Coffee until the infusion is require for use.

Size.....	1	1½	2	2½	3	pints.
Rupees	5-8	6	7	7-8	8	each.

Ten per cent. Discount for Cash.

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

APOLLO GARDENS, APOLLO BUNDER ROAD.

THESE Tastefully laid-out GARDENS will be shortly OPENED. Amongst other attractions and novelties will be provided

A FULL MILITARY BAND,
BEAUTIFUL FOUNTAINS
AND
BRILLIANT ILLUMINATIONS,
AND A NOVELTY NEVER YET SEEN IN INDIA.
A MAZE,

In the winding Labyrinths of which will be numerous cozy arbours and quiet retreats.

A DANCING PLATFORM
WITH AN EFFICIENT QUADRILLE BAND.
GRAND DISPLAYS OF FIREWORKS.

Further particulars in future advertisements.

TO BE LET, for Cold Season, The Folly and Keepsake BUNGALOWS at Matheran, rent Rs. 600 and Rs. 350; also BUNGALOWS on Malabar Hill, Breach Candy, Cumbala Hill, Chowpatty, Gowalia Tank, Grant Road, Girgaum, Byculla, Mazagon, Parell Hill, and Cinchpoogly Hill; residences, offices, and shops in the Fort. For rent and other particulars apply to

B. SAKARAMJEE & Co.,
House and Estate Agents.

33, Meadow Street.

COPE'S GOLDEN CLOUD.

A BRIGHT HONEY DEW TOBACCO, cut ready for smoking, of full Aromatic Fragrant Flavour, and manufactured from

THE FINEST SELECTED VIRGINIAN LEAF.

Per pound box, Cash Rs. 3.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PETIT MEDOC CLARET.

THE Company's importation of this Wine remains unequalled at the price. The Public are respectfully requested to compare the quality with similar Brands (so styled) recently shipped to this market.

Per doz. Quarts, Cash, Rs. 13.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

REAL AMERICAN
"SQUEEZER" PLAYING CARDS,

Best quality, of the strongest material, and being highly finished on both sides, they slip readily when handled.

An important feature is that by reference to the "INDICATORS" in the corners all chance of making a mistake in the hand is avoided, as such "Indicators" show the Suit and Size. This allows of the hand being compressed into a very small space, and hence the name "SQUEEZERS." The "Indicators" are in addition to the ordinary pipes made to run both ways.

	Cash Credit.
"Squeezers" with round corner..per pack	Rs. 1 8 Rs. 1 12
" " " ... ... doz. packs	17 0 19 0
" ... gilt edged ... pack.	1 12 2 0
" " " ... ... doz. packs	20 0 22 0

CONSIGNMENT JUST UNPACKED BY

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS OF THE
BAREILLY AND KUMAON RAILWAY COMPANY, Limited.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies' Act (Act X. of 1866), whereby the liability of each Shareholder is limited to the amount of his Shares

CAPITAL Rs. 24,00,000

In 24,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each; Rs. 10 payable on application, Rs. 10 on allotment, and no further calls will be made until February next, when calls not exceeding Rs. 10 per Share will be made at intervals of not less than one month, as may be needed for expenditure on construction. It is proposed to raise a portion of the Capital in England—See para. 11 of full Prospectus.

DIRECTORS :

General the Hon'ble Sir Henry Ramsay, C.B., K.C.S.I., Commissioner of Kumaon.
R. M. Edwards, Esq., C.S., Commissioner of Rohilkund.
} Appointed by Government to act as Directors *ex-officio*.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS :

Fleetwood Williams, Esq., C.S.I., late Bengal Civil Service, Naini Tal.
H. H. Pertab Sing, Rajah of Tehri.
Lala Moti Ram Shah, Banker, Naini Tal.
Robert Harvey, Esq., Bengal Club, Calcutta.
E. L. MacAlister, Esq., of Messrs. Carew & Co., Limited, Ross.
H. B. Petman, Esq., Naini Tal, Director, Muir Mills Co., Cawnpore.

THIS Company is formed under the auspices of the Government for the purpose of constructing a light Railway, on the Metre gauge, between Bareilly and Kamouri (close to Ramlnagh), at the foot of the Kumaon Hills, near Naini Tal, a distance of 65 miles, of which 4 miles will be constructed by Government, leaving about 61 miles to be constructed by the Company.

In view of the usefulness of this line and the savings ensured by its construction, the Government has granted a liberal concession to the Company. For details, see full Prospectus in every Saturday's advertisement.

A large portion of the Capital has already been subscribed by Local Native Capitalists, and the Directors now invite application for the remainder.

Deposits on account of Shares should be paid to the Company's Bankers, from whom Forms of Application can be obtained. Applications for Shares, with Bankers' receipt attached, are to be addressed to the Secretary, Bareilly and Kumaon Railway Co., Ld., Naini Tal, N. W. P., or to Messrs. Lyall, Rennie & Co., Calcutta; with whom and with the Company's Bankers, copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association, and the terms of Agreement and Concessions received from the Government of India, can be seen.

MEMORANDUM BY PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS.

When the cyclone of the 16th—19th of September occurred at Naini Tal, it was thought possible that such injury might have occurred to the line of proposed railway communication with Bareilly as might be expected to affect the financial features of the scheme that had been so confidently recommended to the public only a few days before.

The Provisional Directors, accordingly, in the sole interest of intending subscribers, resolved that the scheme should be held in abeyance until a thorough re-examination of the previous conditions should show how these might have been affected by the cyclone. The Provisional Directors believe that in adopting this course they have only done that which, as advisers of the public in this matter, they were bound to do, and that if any error has been committed it has been on the side of caution. The scheme was not originally started as a mere speculation, but as a sound business measure on a solid financial basis, and the Provisional Directors have now no hesitation in again recommending it as such, as they find that the recent cyclone and the Naini Tal Landslip can have no permanently injurious effect on the prospects of the proposed Bareilly and Kumaon Railway.

The Provisional Directors have had before them the report of the committee of experts convened by the Government of these provinces to enquire into and report upon the condition of that portion of the Sher-ka-Danda Hill at Naini Tal affected by the cyclonic rain-fall in September last. This committee contains names well known in these provinces :—Sir Henry Ramsay; Colonel H. A. Brownlow, R.E.; Captain Boughey, R.E.; Mr. J. S. Beresford, C.E., and Mr. F. Ashburst, C.E.; and their labours were further aided by the opinions of many gentlemen of great local knowledge and experience. A careful detailed examination of the part of the hill affected has led the committee to the following conclusions :—

1. That the injury caused by the excessive rainfall is confined to a portion of the Sher-ka-Danda Hill to the north side of the Lake, and that there is no danger of further settlement in those parts of it lying to the west of Cheena Lodge and to the east of Melville Hall (para. 5).

2. That the injury caused to the affected part by the rainfall of the 16th—19th September was much enhanced by the reckless manner in which the hillside had been cut up and distorted by building speculators (which was preventible) (para. 6).

3. That though slips and cracks exist all over the affected parts, no general subsidence of the hillside has occurred (para. 9).

4. That there is no insuperable difficulty in dealing with the slips that have occurred, and that the remedial measures suggested by them will be sufficient to protect the settlement from further danger (paras. 11—13).

This committee has condemned as unsafe twelve houses, and six of these only until the preventive and remedial works for the control of the flood-water in their neighbourhood have been completed. There are some 220 bungalows for European visitors in the settlement, and even if the twelve houses above referred to be condemned altogether, and eighteen others mentioned as requiring repair, their loss will hardly be felt. In addition, there is far more room for further absolutely safe extension along the Lariyakanta, Ayar-patta, and Charta ridges than can be required for many years to come.

It will thus be seen that the result of the cyclone in Naini Tal has been to render six houses unsafe, and to place six others in a dangerous position, and it need hardly be added that the loss or gain of twelve houses in Naini Tal can have no appreciable effect on the prospects of the Kumaon and Bareilly Railway, designed as it is to connect the entire Kumaon province with the sea. Nor, though it were it not for the lamentable loss of life that occurred, the present landslip is not one whit greater than that of 1867, of which no one speaks. The remedial measures proposed by the committee of experts have been adopted, and Government has agreed to expend two lakhs of rupees under skilled supervision provided by itself in carrying out the works, which it is believed will render the settlement more safe than it was before.

It is not to be supposed that landslips have occurred through the recent rainfall in Naini Tal alone. The cyclone swept up the valley of the Ganges as far as the passes into Tibet, and again by Naini Tal and Ramnagar-phawat to the Kali, leaving similar traces of its destructive power all over its course. The effects of the cyclone above Ramnagar have rendered communication with the plains by the cart road from Ranikhet to that place doubtfully possible in future. The only sites for the intended bridge-head have been carried away, and the question of communication by Khairna, Bhuwali, and the upper terminus of the proposed Railway, the only course available, calls for, and will doubtless obtain, the immediate consideration of Government.

The Government itself has never had any intention of abandoning Naini Tal as its summer head-quarters, and will come up as usual next year.

The Provisional Directors therefore again confidently recommend the Railway scheme, and wish further to explain that though the Railway was first started to meet the wants of Naini Tal, it is not wholly dependent on that Station, with which the trade of Almora, Ranikhet, of the greater part of the Kumaon District, and of the sub-montane tract has no connection whatsoever.

CLOSE OF THE SOUTH-WEST MONSOON.

SPECIAL IMPORTATIONS.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED, anticipating the REQUIREMENTS of MOFUSSIL RESIDENTS, who, through the difficulty of communication with Bombay during the Rainy Season, have been unable to obtain their usual PERIODICAL SUPPLIES IN ADVANCE, are importing by each Mail larger supplies of

OILMAN'S STORES.

HAMS, BACON, BUTTER, and CHEESE. TONGUES, BATH CHOPS, and BRAWN.

SOUPS—Gravy, Hare, Hotch-Potch, Julienne, Mock-Turtle, Ox Tail, &c.

MEAT ESSENCES—Beef, Chicken, and Liebig's Extract of Meat.

FISH—Anchovies, Caviare, Cod Roes, Haddocks, Herrings, Lax, Lobsters, Mackerel, Oysters, Pilchards, Prawns, Salmon, Sardines, Soles, Turbot, Whitebait, and Whiting.

GAME and POULTRY—Duck and Peas, and Hare.

FRENCH PATES—Woodcock, Snipe, Partridge, Duck and Goose Liver.

PRESERVED FRESH MEATS—Beef, Lamb, and Mutton.

SAUSAGES—Oxford, Bologna, Cambridge, and Pork.

TRUFFLED PIES and GALANTINES—Pork, Game, Ham and Chicken, and Veal and Ham.

POTTED MEATS—Anchovy, Shrimp, Lobster, and Bloater, Beef, Game, Ham, Tongue, &c.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES—Artichokes, Asparagus, Cabbage, Carrots, French Beans, Macedoines, Mushrooms, Peas, Parsnips, Turnips, &c.

TART FRUITS—Apples, Apricots, Cherries, Cranberries, Currants, Gooseberries, Greengages, Peaches, Plums, Raspberries, Rhubarb, &c.

JAMS and JELLIES—Apple, Apricot, Currant, Damson, Gooseberry, Greengage, Plum, Raspberry, Strawberry, and Marmalade.

PICKLES—Beans, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Chow-chow, Gherkins, Mixed, Onions, Piccalilli, Walnut, Oriental, Imperial Hot, and Horse Radish.

COOKING and TABLE SAUCES—Anchovy, Beefsteak, Catsup, Harvey's, John Bull, Madra Cayenne, Mogul, Poona, Reading, Soho, Soyer's, &c., and Yorkshire Relish.

MUSTARD, SALT, VINEGAR, CAPERS, ONIONS, and SALAD OIL.

INDIAN CONDIMENTS—Bengal, Cashmere, Lucknow, Madras, and Mango Chatnis, &c.

BISCUITS—Abernethy, Albert, Arrowroot, Captain, Cracker, Cracknel, Ginger, Lunch, Milk, Mixed, Nic-Nac, Picnic, Water, &c.

MILK, SUGAR, TEA, COFFEE, COCOA, and CHOCOLATE.

DESSERT FRUITS—Dried, Crystallised, Brandied, and in Syrup, China Ginger, &c.

FLAVOURING ESSENCES, TABLE and BEDROOM CANDLES, TOILET, and HOUSEHOLD SOAPS, &c.

These shipments, procured from the most renowned EUROPEAN HOUSES, are of the same high class which enable the management to assert their superiority to those usually offered in the Bombay Market (frequently the refuse of Bazaar Auctions), and to confidently GUARANTEE their quality and freshness.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

SHERRIES—Yellow Seal, Pale Dinner, Vino de Pasto, Old Dry, Golden, Manzanilla, and Amontillado—from Rs. 17-0 to Rs. 38-0 per dozen.

PORTS—White Seal, Fine Old, and Superior Old "for Invalids"—from Rs. 19-0 to Rs. 33-0 per dozen.

CHAMPAGNES—Saumur, Light Dry, Dry Creaming Sillery, Perrier Jouet's, and Giesler's "for India" from—Rs. 28-0 to Rs. 48-0 per dozen.

CLARETS—Bordeaux, St. Julien Medoc, Petit Medoc, Superior Medoc, Chateau La Grange Chateau La Rose, and Chateau Margaux, from Rs. 10-0 to Rs. 32-0 per dozen.

SAUTERNES—Barsac, Sauterne, and Haut Sauterne—from Rs. 19-0 to Rs. 31-8 per dozen.

BURGUNDIES—Chablis, Beaune, Macon, Pommard, Chambertin, and Sparkling Burgundy—from Rs. 18-0 to Rs. 38-0 per dozen.

HOCKS—Laubenheim, Geisenheim, Steinwein, Hockheim, Nierstein, Liebfraumilch, Johannis berg, and Sparkling Ehrenbreitstein, from Rs. 18-0 to Rs. 42-0 per dozen.

SPARKLING MOSELLES—Fine, Superior, and Finest Nonpareil—from Rs. 32-0 to Rs. 41-0 per dozen.

BRANDIES—Pale Cognac, Old Pale Cognac, Fine Old Pale Cognac (*Treacher's celebrated Heart Labelled*) Hennesey's, Exshaw's, and Denis Mounie's—from Rs. 25-0 to Rs. 38-8 per dozen.

WHISKIES—Treacher's Irish, Treacher's Scotch "Glenlivbt," Crabbie's, and Kinahan's, from Rs. 21-0 to Rs. 22-8 per dozen.

GINS, BITTERS LIQUEURS, BEERS AND STOUT, &c.

Detailed Price Lists free on Application.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

ENTIRE IRON FRAMED PIANOS.

THE ONLY RELIABLE FOR INDIA.

See Illustrated Priced Catalogue.

SOUNDY AND COMPANY, MUSIC SALOONS, BOMBAY.

WATSON & CO.'S ORIENTAL COSTUME JERSEYS.

COLOURS.	PRICES.
MAROON AND LIGHT BLUE	...Rs. 10-8 each
NAVY AND LIGHT BLUE	...Rs. 10-8 each
NAVY BLUE AND GOLD...	...Rs. 10-8 each
SCARLET AND NAVY BLUE	...Rs. 10-8 each
PLAIN NAVY BLUE	...Rs. 10-8 each
PLAIN BLACK	...Rs. 10-8 each

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY MUSICAL DEPOT.

S. ROSE & Co., 9, RAMPART ROW.

S. ROSE and Co. beg to inform their numerous Constituents that they are in receipt of further supplies of

THE GENUINE GRAND SQUARE
"SYMPATHETIC" PIANOFORTE,

Of which ROSE and Co., Bombay, are the sole importers, has now been for nearly twenty years before the Indian Public, and its reputation is fully established as the best Pianoforte for India. Cash Price, Rs. 350. Packing Case of Tin and Wood, Rs. 25.

[The above is guaranteed by S. ROSE and Co.]

N. B.—Intending purchasers of reputed "Sympathetics," New or Second-hand, can be furnished with the date of importation and the period of use of each genuine Sympathetic, if the manufacturers' number of the Piano is given.

"MOFUSSIL" SQUARE PIANOFORTE.

This instrument has been constructed by S. ROSE and Co. to supply the want of a Good, Cheap, and Serviceable Pianoforte containing strength, lightness, and portability.

Solid Mahogany case, over-strung scale, tension bar—7 Octaves.

Price, Rs. 650 Cash; Packing Case, Zinc-lined Rs. 25 extra.

"LA PIANETTA FAVORITA."

The cheapest Cottage Piano constructed for India, Compass 7 Octaves, solid wood, no Veneer, Trichord Treble Metal Pin Plate. Price nett Cash, Rs. 375.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND PIANOFORTES from Rs. 250.

Repairs of every description of Musical Instruments by experienced European Assistants to S. ROSE and Co.

THE ONE-YEAR PURCHASE SYSTEM.

S. ROSE and Co. have received such numerous applications from all parts of India regarding the purchase of Pianos WITH PAYMENT TO BE MADE BY INSTALMENTS, that they have determined to give a trial to a ONE-YEAR PURCHASE SYSTEM with a view to meet what is evidently a public requirement in connection with their branch of business.

THE "SYMPATHETIC" GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE.

Under the one-year purchase system	..Rs. 300	0
Cases of tin and wood	... " 25	0
	—325	0
Payment on giving the order	... " 250	0
Promissory Note at 3 months from date of despatch	... " 125	0
Ditto ditto 4 ditto	... " 125	0
Ditto ditto 6 ditto	... " 125	0
Ditto ditto 8 ditto	... " 100	0
Ditto ditto 10 ditto	... " 100	0
Ditto ditto 12 ditto	...

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 9, 1880.

THE London Money market continues unaltered, so far as rates of discount are concerned, although there is evidently a continuance of the demand on the Bank of England for Gold. Consols are unaltered at 99⅞ ; French Rentes at 119¾ ; and En-faced Rupee Paper remains at 80⅜ for Fours, and 88 for Fours-and-a-half. Indian Exchange Bank shares Reuter quotes at £20 for Oriental, £22 for Chartered Mercantile, and £38-10 for Hongkong and Shanghai.

In the General Produce markets there is no change of any moment, and Metal quotations are all as last given.

Piece-goods in Manchester are reported quiet ; and Cotton in Liverpool yesterday closed with supplies freely offered. The sales were estimated at 12,000 bales, of which 1,200 were Surats, and prices were unchanged all round. In New York ready Mid.-Uplands were unaltered at 11 cents., and February shipment is given at 11·04 as against the previous day's quotation of 10·93 cents for January. Practically this shows no change in Futures, as further forward deliveries have latterly taken the lead of new Cotton. The receipts at the U. S. ports for the past three days are comparatively light, and should the figures continue to fall off for a time, it is not unlikely we may see a recovery in prices ; but until there is something of a definite character to go upon in favour of a smaller yield than has hitherto been estimated, we think operators will be wise to be chary about following any advance. The receipts to date give the following comparisons :—

	1880	1879	1878.
Two days' Receipts.....	40,000	47,000	43,000
Three days' do.	70,000	76,000	60,000
Total since 1st, past...	1,705,000	1,520,020	1,212,000

EXCHANGE.—Although Bar Silver in London remains at 51 13-16d. per oz., we have again had a weak market here, with a further decline of 1-32d. per rupee. Even at the decline there are few trade bills offering either ready or forward, and the tendency is all in favour of buying instead of selling. The Banks are a little chary of buying forward at the present level, although fairly willing sellers, but we scarcely think this can be accepted as any very strong indication regarding the future in the face of the several influences in favour of lower rates in the near future. We call closing quotations for ready bills to-day :—

Bank Bills on demand	Rs. 7 11-16 to 23-32d. p. Rs.
Do. telegraphic	Rs. 7 21-32d. ,,
Do. 3 months' sight ..	Rs. 7 25-32d. ,,
Credits..... 3 ,, ,,	Rs. 7 15-16d. ,,
Documents. 3 ,, ,,	Rs. 7 15-16d. ,,
Francs. 3 ,, ,,	2 11d. ,,

On Calcutta we still quote demand at 1-32 per cent. premium, and 60 days' sight nominal.

GOVERNMENT PAPER opened quiet, and has shown a decidedly weaker feeling during the day. We now quote Fours at Rs. 98¼ and Fours-and-a-half at Rs. 107, sellers but no buyers.

SHARES.—The market opened quiet, and for a time slighty lower values were in some cases quoted, but a firmer feeling was apparent in the afternoon, and we close with a further general advance. Bank of Bombay shares are again ½ per cent. higher at Rs. 725. In Land Companies there is no quotable change. Press shares continue firm, and Mofussil Company are Rs. 5, and Sassoon Rs. 25 per share higher. Spinning and Weaving Mill shares are still in request, and our quotations show a further rise of Rs. 5 to Rs. 15, with more buyers than sellers of the leading companies.

COTTON.—There has been a shade better enquiry for ready old Cotton, and sellers have shown rather more firmness in holding for yesterday's full rates, but the actual purchases for export have only been some 500 bales. In New Crop for future delivery there are practically no real buyers or sellers, and prices are nominally unchanged. We quote :—

Good Hingunghat. Feb. dely	Rs. 230		per candy.
,, Akote, March ,, ...	,, 215		,,
,, Omra, ,, ,, ...	,, 213 to 215		,,
,, Broach, ,, ,, ...	,, 228 to 229		,,

SEEDS are unchanged all round, and the same may be said of Wheat.

FREIGHTS continue very firm. For Liverpool by steam, the Branksome Hall has booked measurement at 42s. 6d., and for the next steamer the consignees decline to do anything at the moment, although there are outside steamers in the hands of speculators willing to go on at 37s. 6d. for December-January loading. Mediterranean and Continental rates are unchanged. A steamer is reported to have been fixed for February loading at 37s. 6d. U. K., 40s. Continent, with concessions.

PIECE-GOODS may be called quiet but steady. In the bazaar the off-take may be put at about 400 packages a day, and prices are only barely supported. To arrive there is next to nothing doing, Exchange being against simultaneous operations.

COALS are firm with buyers of Davison's and Cardiff at Rs. 16½, but no sellers.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE barque Compta, 997 tons, Captain E. E. Jeffery, will sail to-day for Calcutta in ballast.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Chilka, 1,497 tons, Captain D. Campbell, sailed yesterday for Rangoon with a general cargo and six deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Calcutta, 548 tons, Captain T. P. Nailer, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kathiawar, Coast and Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Captain Anderson, Mr Le Breton, one inspector, and 365 deck.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Java, 943 tons, Captain J. A. Magnes, arrived in harbour yesterday from Lowrea Mogues (7th Oct.), via Zanzibar, with a general cargo and the following passengers : Mr. Foy, Mrs. King, and 47 deck.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Pachamba, 544 tons, Captain C. R. Mitchell, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf, via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers : Lieut. N. A. K. Burne, Mr. and Mrs. Fazella Khakee, Lieut. F. A. Wilkinson, three Native ladies, thirteen second class, and 154 deck.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
9	Mongolia (s)	Edmond	Venice, Oct. 15.
	Java(s).....	Magnis.....	Zanzibar Oct. 7.
	Calcutta(s).....	Nailer	Kurrachee, Oct. 6.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander.	Destinations.
9	Chilka(s).....	Campbell	Rangoon.
	Pachamba(s).....	Mitchell	P. G. via Kurrachee

The barque Compta, Jeffery, to Calcutta, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

ADEN.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 14 Sea Gull, H. M. S., Byles, from Guardafui.
17 Godavery, ss, Minier, from Mauritius.
20 Philomel, H. M. S. Berners, from Seychelles.
23 Aglaia, ss, Marcovich, from Trieste.
26 Ischia, It. G. Boat, Volpe, from, Assab Bay.
28 Java, ss, Magenis, Zanzibar.
28 Vorwaerts, ss, Harten, from Batavia.
28 Arcot, ss, Stevenson, from London.
29 Patna, ss, Avern, from Kurrachee.
29 Narenta, ss, Mattel, from Bombay.
29 Sumatra, ss, Briscoe, from Bombay.
29 D. Jobillah, ss, Vallat, from Bombay.
29 Punjaub, ss, Macaulay, from Bombay.
30 Horsegaards, ss, Hill, from Socotra.
31 Bhenma, ss, Nacoda, from Bombay.
Nov. 1 Cuzco, ss, Murdock, from Sydney.
1 Barcelona G., ss, Bardock, from Foochow.
1 Assam, ss, Stewart, from Sydney.
1 Chillingham, ss, Anderson, from Newcastle.
1 Hutton, ss, Anderson, from Bombay.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 28 Vorwaerts, ss, Harten, to Amsterdam.
28 Narenta, ss, Mattel, to Trieste.
30 Ischia, It. G. Boat, Volpe, to Assab Bay.
30 Sumatra, ss, Briscoe, to Venice.
30 D. Jobillah, ss, Vallat, to Jeddah.
31 Godavery, ss, Minier, to Mauritius.
34 Aglaia, ss, Marcovich, to Calcutta.
31 Java, ss, Magenis, to Bombay.
31 Arcot, ss, Stevenson, to Kurrachee.
31 Patna, ss, Avern, to London.
Nov. 1 Bhenma, ss, Nacoda, to Jeddah.
1 Cuzco, ss, Murdoch, to London.
1 Barcelona G., ss, Bardock, to London.
1 Assam, ss, Stewart, to London.
2 Horsegaards, ss, Hill, to Galle, F. O.
2 Hutton, ss, Anderson, to Jeddah.

VESSELS IN HARBOUR.

Sea Gull, H. M. S., Byles, from Guardafui.
Philomel, H. M. ss, Berners, from Seychelles.
Punjaub, ss, Macaulay, from Bombay.
Chillingham, ss, Anderson, from Newcastle.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—NOVEMBER 6.

Hume, Capt., Bgde. Major, R. V., on duty, from Poona.

NOVEMBER 8.

Hopton, Lieut.-Col., 88th Regt., on leave, from Mooltan.
Templer, Lieut., 2nd Punjaub Cavalry, on duty, from Kamptee.

NOVEMBER 9.

Gordon, Capt., 23rd Pioneers, on sick leave, from Meean Meer.
Moore, Lieut., 18th Regt., on leave, from Kherwara.
Mullen, Surgn., on leave, from Kherwara.
Borrodaile, 2nd Lieut., 2-15th Regt., from leave, from Ahmedabad.
Innes, Col., R. E., from leave, from England.
Newill, Capt., Pol. Dept., from leave, from England.
Hancock, Major, Pol. Dept., from leave, from England.
Farrer, Major, Civil Dept., to join, from England.
Boyd, Col., Staff Corps, on leave, from Asirghur.

DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 9.

Henderson, Lieut.-Col., 60th Rifles, on duty, to Dugshai.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, Nov. 6.)

AGENT GOVERNOR-GENERAL FOR CENTRAL INDIA.—Major M. G. Gerard, 3rd Squad. Comdr., 2nd Regt. Central India Horse, is granted ninety days' privilege leave to England from the 15th Nov., 1880, or date of departure.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—Military Works.

Lieut. E. S. E. Childers, R. E., Asst. Engr., on return from field service, is granted three months' privilege leave.

Lieut. A. C. Bruce, R. E., Asst. Engr., is transferred from the Head-quarters' staff of the Inspr.-Genl., Military Works, to the Sirhind and Lahore Command, Military Works.

Lieut. S. Grant, R. E., Ex. Engr., 4th Grade (temporary rank), is transferred from the Meerut Division, Military Works, to the Office of the Suptg. Engr., Meerut Command, which he joined on the forenoon of 1st Oct., 1880.

Lieut W. G. Bowyer, R. E., Asst. Engr., joined the Rawalpindi Command, Military Works, and is posted to the Rawalpindi Division, Military Works.

Lieut. J. Burn-Murdock, R. E., Asst. Engr., 1st Grade, was relieved of his duties in the Military Works Branch, on the 20th Sept.

Lieut. H. Finnis, Asst. Engr., 1st Grade, joined the Rawalpindi Command, Military Works, on the 20th Sept. This Officer is posted to the Rawalpindi Division, Military Works.

CONSULTING ENGINEER TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA FOR GUARANTEED RAILWAYS.

Capt. W. H. Johnstone, R. E., Depy. Consulting Engr., made over, and Lieut.-Col. R. deBourbel, R. E., Temporary Chief Engr., 3rd Class, assumed, charge of the Office of the Consulting Engr. to the Govt. of India for Guaranteed Railways, Calcutta, on the forenoon of this date.

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF RAILWAYS.

The under-mentioned Officers are, on return from military duty, re-posted to the Kandahar State Railway, Upper Section :—

Lieut.-Col. J. G. Lindsay, R. E., Suptdg. Engr., 1st Class (temporary rank.)
Capt. F. W. Joseph, S. C., Ex. Engr., 2nd Grade.
Capt. W. W. B. Whiteford, R. E., Ex. Engr, 4th Grade.
Lieut. C. F. Fuller, R.E., Ex. Engr, 4th Grade (temporary rank).
Lieut. W. W. Robinson, R.E., Ex. Engr., 4th Grade (temporary rank).
Lieut. G. Davidson, R. E., Asst. Engr., 1st Grade.
Lieut. J. Neville, R.E., Asst. Engr., 1st Grade.
Lieut S. A. E. Hickson, R.E., Asst. Engr, 1st Grade.

KANDAHAR STATE RAILWAY.

Capt. F. W. Joseph, Ex. Engr., 2nd Grade, is posted to the charge of Survey Division, Harnai and Gulistan-Karez Section of this Railway.

RAJPUTANA STATE RAILWAY.

Mr. P. Rainier, Asst. Traffic Supt., 4th Class, is appointed to officiate as Dist. Traffic Supt. during the absence of Mr. E. F. Jacob on privilege leave, or until further orders.

Mr. Jacob made over, and Mr. Rainier took charge on the forenoon of the 25th Oct., 1880, from which date Mr. Jacob availed himself of privilege leave.

Surgn.-Major A. Hilson, Civil Surgn., Agra, assumed temporary charge of the office and duties of Medical Officer, Rajputana State Railway, on the 1st Nov., pending arrival of the Officer appointed to officiate for Doctor Willmot.

COURT-MARTIAL.

At a General Court-Martial, assembled at Lucknow, on the 23rd October, Private Bartholomew Leary, of the 33rd Regiment of Foot, was arraigned on the following charges :—Having, on or about the 25th Sept., 1880, been drunk, when on duty when on the regimental piquet at Lucknow. Having, at Lucknow, on or about the 25th Sept. offered violence against Color Sergeant Charles Hembleys, of the same regiment, by attempting to strike him with a stick, which he, the prisoner, had in his hand, the said Color Sergeant Charles Hembleys being his superior officer, and being in the execution of his office, having also used violence against Color Sergeant Charles Hembleys, of the same regiment, by throwing a stick at him, at the same time making use of insubordinate language, in substance and to the effect following ; that is to say —" You * * * " the said Color Sergeant Charles Hembleys being his superior officer, and being in the execution of his office. The Court found the prisoner guilty of all the charges, and sentenced him to suffer penal servitude for the term of 5 five years.

At a General Court Martial, assembled at Morar, on Saturday, the 23rd Oct., Driver William Cheetham, C.-C. Royal Horse Artillery, was arraigned on the following charges :—With having, at Morar, on the 6th Oct., 1880, resisted the escort ordered to take him to the guard-room, with having kicked and bit Bombardier Wheeler James Bryan, of the same battery, the said Bombardier Wheeler James Bryan being his superior officer, and being in the execution of his office, with having at Morar, on the 6th Oct., 1880, struck with his clenched fist Corporal Collar-maker Alfred Gomes, of the same battery. The Court found prisoner guilty of all the charges, and sentenced him to be imprisoned with hard labour for six hundred and seventy-two days.

THE ARMY.

War Office, Pall Mall, October, 22.

2nd Life Guards—Second Lieut. M. J. C. Longfield, from the Dublin County Militia, to be Second Lieut. in succession to Lieut. Sir T. C. C. Western, Bart, resigned, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

1st Dragoon Guards—Lieut. E. C. Waud, from the Royal North Down Militia, to be Second Lieut. vice W. B. Browne, transferred to the 16th Lancers, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

3rd Dragoon Guards—Second Lieut. J. J. Martyn, from the Galway Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice L. F. H. Roche, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

6th Dragoons—Lieut. Sir J. C. Willoughby Bart, from the Royal Berks Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice R. McFarlane, transferred to the 9th Lancers, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

8th Hussars.—Second Lieut. C. N. C. Vesey, from the Dublin County Militia, to be Second Lieut., in succession to Lieut. G. S. Williams, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

12th Lancers.—Lieut. R. A. C. Christie, from the 6th West York Militia, to be Second Lieut. in succession to Lieut. M. H. Archdale, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

16th Hussars.—Lieut. C. W. Cottrell-Dormer, from the Northampton and Rutland Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice F. J. W. Farquhar, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

17th Lancers.—Lieut. F. F. Colvin, from the Royal Bucks Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice F. D. H. St. Quintin, deceased, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Grenadier Guards—Lieut. F. M. H. Sandford, from the West Essex Militia, to be Second Lieut. in succession to Lieut. and Capt. R. Lecke, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. W. H. Astell, from the Bedford Militia, to be Second Lieut. in succession to Lieut. Lord A. M. A. Percy, resigned, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

1st Foot—Lieut. L. F. Barton, from the North York Militia, to be Second Lieut. vice E. J. Collins, transferred to the 98th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. W. J. Todd, from the Sligo Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice L. R. H. Roberts, transferred to the 70th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. E. Davison, from the 2nd or North Durham Militia, to be Second Lieut. vice L. C. Sherer, transferred to the 17th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

4th Foot—Lieut. A. D. Thorne, from the 2nd Royal Surrey Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice T. M. Vigors, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. W. O. M. Mosse, from the West Cork, Artillery Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice T. E. Burke, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

7th Foot—Second Lieut. C. H. Morries, from the 6th West York Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice E. S. Mash, killed in action, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

9th Foot—Second Lieut. H. Comins from the South Cork Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice A. C. Becher, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

10th Foot—Second Lieut. A. W. Dewar, from the Oxford Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice W. G. Grant, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Second Lieut. J. P. Templer, from the Galway Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice H. Du Buisson, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

11th Foot.—Lieut. H. Bower, from the Duke of Edinburgh's Own Edinburgh Arty. Militia to be Second Lieut., vice A. Phayre, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

20th Foot.—Lieut. D. P. S. Reid, from the 2nd or South Devon Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice B. Deane-Freeman, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. R. P. Monk, from the 4th or Royal South Middlesex Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice H. E. Watts, transferred to the 14th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. F. F. M. D. Rhodes, from the Royal South Wales Borderers Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice S. F. Charles, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

21st Foot.—Second Lieut. F. L. H. Sadler, from the Royal Sussex Artillery Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice H. H. Smythe, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

23rd Foot.—Lieut. A. C. King, from the Shropshire Militia, to be Second Lieut., in succesion to Lieut. R. B. Mainwaring, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

25th Foot.—Second Lieut. F. A. L. Davidson, from the 7th Royal Lancashire Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice S. Kerr, transferred to the Rifle Brigade, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. C. H. Dawson, from the 1st Devon Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice J. W. C. Hutchinson, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. P. Wildman-Lushington, from the West Kent Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice C. T. P. Keene, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

26th Foot—Lieut. T. T. Macan, from the Fermanagh Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice A. W. Ranken, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

28th Foot.—Lieut. S. A. James, from the Kilkenny Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice R. S. Bowen, transferred to the 60th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

29th Foot.—Lieut C. B. Little, from the West Kent Militia, to be Second Lieut, vice J. H. S. Gibbs, promoted into the 30th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

31st Foot.—Lieut. P. H. A. O'Hara, from the Westmeath Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice C. Tritton, transferred to the 4th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

32nd Foot.—Lieut. J. T. Bowles, from the King's Own Royal Tower Hamlets Militia, to be Second Lieut., in succession to Lieut. C. F. A. Turnbull, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

35th Foot.—Lieut H. B. Scaife, from the 2nd or South Devon Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice T. H. Yate, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Second Lieut. R. P. Whately, from the Royal South Gloucester Militia, to be Second Lieut., in succession to Second Lieut. T. H. Howe, 107th Foot, promoted 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. D. Bonafray, from the Royal Momouthshire Engineer Militia, to be Second Lieut. vice P. Malcolm, transferred to the 7th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut M. D. Keatings, from the Kilkenny Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice C. L. A. Ramus, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

37th Foot—Second Lieut. W. G. Wyld, from the West Suffolk Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice J. R. Parkinson, promted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

38th Foot.—Lieut. G. G. O'Neil Ray, from the Armagh Militia, to be Second Lieut. on augmentation, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Second Lieut. I. Kirkpatrick, from the South Cork Militia, to be Second Lieut. on augmentation, dated 23rd Oct., 1880.

Lieut. H. C. Chads, from the Royal Sussex Militia, to be Second Lieut. on augmentation, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

39th Foot.—Second Lieut. W. H. Dobbie, to be Lieut., vice J. C. S. Irving, promoted into the 102nd Foot, dated 4th Sept. 1880.

Second Lieut. W. A. W. Strickland, from the West Suffolk Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice W. H. Dobbie, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

40th Foot.—Second Lieut. R. H. R. Smythies, from the West Suffolk Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice L. Seward, promoted, dated 23rd Oct., 1880.

41st Foot.—Lieut. G. W. Worrall, from the 1st Royal Lanark Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice J. W. G. Tulloch, transferred to the 2nd Foot, dated 23rd Oct., 1880.

Lieut. the Hon'ble. E. R. Bateman Hanbury, from the Hereford Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice E. B. Eagar, transferred to the 5th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. R. B. Coke, from the 1st Derby Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice T. Quin, transferred to the 63rd Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

63rd Foot.—Lieut. C. M. Brunker, from the 2nd Royal Surrey Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice A. H. Dubbs, appointed a probationer for the Indian Staff Corps, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

66th Foot.—Second Lieut. C. G. Martyr, from the 2nd or South Devon Militia, to be Second Lieut., in succession to Lieut. G. R. MacMullen, appointed a probationer for the Indian Staff Corps, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. H. J. W. McK. Kennedy, from the Rl. Angiesey Engr. Militia, to be Second Lieut., in succession to Lieut. H. G. P. Beauchamp, transferred to the 20th Hussars, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

48th Foot.—Second Lieut. G. W. Dowell, from the South Cork Militia, to be second Lieut., vice G. M. D. Lys, promoted into the 58th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

53rd Foot—Lieut. A. J. B. St. Leger, from the King's Own) 2nd Stafford Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice A. R. Cole Hamilton, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

57th Foot.—Lieut. E. A. Bennett, from the East Kent Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice L. W. Bode, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

62nd Foot.—Lieut. H. S. Mayhew, from the Duke of Edinburgh's Own Edinburgh Arty. Militia, to be Second Lieut. vice A. N. Roberts, transferred to the Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

70th Foot.—Lieut. L. T. Bowles, from the South Cork Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice M. G. Bolton, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

72nd Foot.—Lieut. K. P. Burne, from the Royal Berks Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice L. Sunderland, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. G. R. Tod, from the 3rd Royal Lancashire Militia, to be Second Lieut., in succession to Second Lieut. T. Fraser, 91st Foot promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

77th Foot—Lieut. H. E. Every, from the 1st Derby Militia, to be second Lieut., vice L. G. Oliver, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

79th Foot—Lieut. D. F. Davidson, from the Royal Aberdeenshire Highlanders Militia, to be Second Lieut. vice the Hon'ble C. Cathcart, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. R. W. Macleod, from the Highland Light Infy. Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice F. H. Thompson, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. C. F. H. Davidson, from the Edinburgh or Queen's Regt. of Light Infy. Militia, to be Second Lieut. vice A. G. Blackburn, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Second Lieut. G. E. Forbes, from the North Cork Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice W. C. Halkett, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. A. Scott-Elliott, from the Edinburgh or Queen's Regt. of Light Infy. Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice W. A. Scott, promoted, dated 23rd October 1880.

Lieut. G. R. Cavaye, from the Renfrew Militia, to be Second Lieut. vice the Hon'ble I. Campbell, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

80th Foot.—Lieut. H. W. Steward, from the Worcester Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice R. P. Colomb, transferred to the 66th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

89th Foot.—Lieut. W. P. Davidson, from the 1st Dumbarton Militia to be Second Lieut., in succession to Second Lieut. A. D. Campbell, 94th Foot, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. F. M. Hext, from the R. Cornwall Rangers, Duke of Cornwall's own Militia, to be Second Lieut., in succession to Lieut. J. P. Hume, 94th Foot, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

94th Foot.—Lieut. C. S. Miller, from the North York Militia. to be Second Lieut., vice H. G. Adams-Connor, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. E. S. Combs, from the R. Glamorgan Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice G. L. E. Massy, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

97th Foot.—Lieut. A. F. H. Cowley, from the 4th R. Lancashire Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice H. B. Vaughan, transferred to the 100th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

98th Foot.—D. S. Somerville, from the East Kent Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice R. J. Hunter, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

99th Foot.—Lieut. E. de S. Smart, from the Forfar and Kincardine A. Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice C. F. G. Young, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. F. S. Picot, from the Royal Dublin City Militia, to be Second Lieut. vice C. LeG. Justice, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. A. H. Goodwin, from the 2nd Royal Sutrey Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice E. B. W. J. Fraser, transfered to the 18th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

101st Foot.—Lieut. H. T. Kenny, from the 2nd or East Norfolk Militia, to be Second Lieut. in succession to Second Lieut. B. Stewart, 104th Foot, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. W. W. Norman, from the Royal Cork City Arty Militia, to be Second Lieut., in succession to Second Lieut. G. S. Ormerod, 104th Foot, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

102nd Foot.—Lieut. M. R. P. Audain, from the Antrim Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice H. J. Guyon, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. H. F. O'Neill, from the 6th Royal Lancashire Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice E. H. Goddard, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. R. W. C. Wyvyan, from the Royal Cornwall Rangers, Duke of Cornwall's Own Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice A. W. Gordon, appointed a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

104th Foot.—Lieut. E. H. Bennett, from the King's County Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice C. Davidson, transferred to the 81st Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

105th Foot—Lieut. J. C. Swete, from the South Cork Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice B. Witherby, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. A. G. Smith. from the 2nd or South Devon Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice L. Dorling, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

106th Foot.—Lieut. L. G. Tempeler, from the Cambridge Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice R. B. Barker, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. J. E. Bush, from the R. Glamorgan Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice C. G. Parson, transferred to the 22nd Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. A. E. Bayon, from the 2nd Royal Cheshire Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice S. Kerr, transferred to the 25th Foot, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

103th Foot.—Lieut. W. H. Greenwood, from the Royal Dublin City Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice A. K. Huddart, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Lieut. A. F. G. Foulerton, from the Royal Aberdeenshire Highlanders Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice D. J. Hamilton, transferred to the Coldstream Guards, dated 23rd. Oct. 1880.

Rifle Brigade.—Lieut. A. Fuller-Acland-Hood from the 1st Devon Militia, to be Second Lieut., vice W. J. Lascelles, promoted, dated 23rd Oct. 1880.

Chaplains' Dept.—The Rev. F. A. Darnell, M.A., to be Chaplain to the Forces of the Fourth Class, dated 9th Aug. 1879 : such antedate not to crrry back allowances.

THE NAVY.

Admiralty, 19th October, 1880.

Royal Marine Forces.

The following promotions, dated 4th Oct. 1880, have taken place in the Royal Marine Light Infantry, viz :—

Capt. E. O. B. Gray to be Major, vice Silver, retired.

Lieut. and Assist. Musketry Instructor E. A. M. Liardet to be Capt., vice Gray.

Admiralty, 21st October 1880.

Surg. R. W. Biddulph, B.A. M.B. has been promoted to the rank of Staff Surg. in H. M.'s Fleet, with seniority of 8th instant.—*London Gazette.*

NOTICE.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co. are happy to announce that, in consequence of continually increasing sale of MR. MENIST'S the CELEBRATED SPECTACLES, EYEGLASSES, &c., for which they are the appointed Agents, they are enabled to make a REDUCTION of TWENTY PER CENT. on the former prices, thus placing these VALUABLE AIDS to DEFECTIVE VISION within reach of EVERYONE.

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THE
ST. JAMES'S BUDGET,
BEING
A WEEKLY EDITION OF THE "ST. JAMES'S GAZETTE."
FORTY PAGES, PRICE SIXPENCE.

WHEN, immediately after Mr. Gladstone's return to office, an arrangement was made by which the PALL MALL GAZETTE was to give up all its old opinions and take to new ones, there was no choice for its Editor, or for the Writers who had created and maintained its reputation, but to abandon the paper. This they did accordingly ; but only to come together again, within the space of four weeks, under the flag of the ST. JAMES'S GAZETTE. The new paper thus named leapt at once into a great success ; and now, in response to many inquiries from India, from America, and from British Colonists in various parts of the world, a Weekly Edition is printed under the title of

THE ST. JAMES'S BUDGET.

This journal is despatched from England on Friday afternoons. The Subscription per quarter, including postage, is for China and India, 8s. 2d. ; for all other parts of the world, 7s. 7d. Orders may be sent through any Agent, or direct to the Office,

DORSET STREET, FLEET STREET, LONDON.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

LUSHINGTON—November 6th, at Dharwar, the wife of J. L. Lushington, Revenue Survey, S. M. C., of a son.

MARRIAGE.

JOHNSTON—DAVIDSON—October 18th, at Byculla Church, Bombay, by the Rev. G. C. Reynell, J. L. Johnston, Bombay Civil Service, to Margaret, third daughter of Colonel Davidson, of Edinburgh.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1880.

THE election of General Garfield to the presidency of the United States is a matter of but little interest to the world in general, as the election of either candidate would not have affected the policy or the legislation of the country. It is, however, of some interest to trace the cause of the election of the Republican candidate now for the sixth time in succession. Four years ago the Republican candidate was barely, if really, elected, indeed, the Democrats do not hesitate to assert in the most public manner that their candidate was elected, and that they were cheated out of the office by a Supreme Court the majority of whom were Republicans. At that time the country was suffering from the panic of 1873 ; business was bad, property of all kinds had deteriorated in value, wages were low, men were out of work, and the prospect was gloomy. As is usual in every country at such a crisis, the party in power came in for a share of the blame for the misfortune under which the country was suffering, and the discontented were all in favour of a change of administration. On this alone was based the success of the Democratic party at the last election. Unfortunately for them they did not win the fruits of their declared victory in 1876 ; and meantime things have changed. From a time of general adversity the country suddenly jumped to unexampled prosperity ; not only did the land produce immense crops, such as were never before thought of, but bad harvests in Europe brought good markets for these crops. The value of everything advanced, railways which had been paying nothing earned good dividends, and there was general prosperity throughout the country. The enormous shipments of produce brought gold in return to the States, and raised the value of the paper dollar to that of gold. Instead of being accused of bringing bad times, the Republican party claimed the credit of bringing back prosperity, and especially of putting the paper currency of the country on a par with gold. The Democratic party had not been in power since the slavery times, and their management of the affairs of the country was at least a matter of speculation. The Republicans claimed that they had saved the Union in the war, that they had administered the country faithfully since that time, that the large war debt had been very materially reduced, that paper money and gold were on an equality, and as good tenants that they could reasonably ask a renewal of their lease of power. The country evidently preferred to run no risk, and again have they trusted the Government to a Republican administration.

As to party principles, there are no clear lines of separation between the two, and even the shading is oftentimes very indistinct. In no one question is there any important difference of principle. The chief public questions in the United States are the Treatment of the South, involving the question of State rights, Protection, and Hard Money ; and there is very little reason to believe that the success of the Democratic party would have made any appreciable change in any of these. In a late number of the *Economist* there was an elaborate attempt to draw a broad line of distinction between the two political parties in America by affirming that the Democrats held the old principles of the South fifty years ago as to the right of each State to determine for itself the justice or the injustice of the measures passed by Congress. The idea was a delusion. There is no reason to believe that under a Democratic Government the treatment of the South would have changed materially. There might be a little less inclination among the Democrats to use United States troops to maintain order at the time of elections than among the Republicans ; but it is not likely that the difference would ever be brought to a practical issue. Any assertion of State rights similar to that enunciated in old slavery terms would be scouted now by both parties. If we take the question of free trade and protection, it is true that the Democratic party in old times was the so-called free trade party, but theirs was a free trade which an Englishman would find it difficult to recogn

TELEGRAMS.

ALL QUIET IN THE VICINITY OF KANDAHAR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

...DAHAR, Nov. 9.

...Colonel St. John reports all quiet in the vicinity ... ing their revenue ... however, of large ... confirmed, and is ... that the people ...minant of Ayoub ...

...N.

...ibuting a sufficient ... troops has proved ...o leave their homes ...is flag.

...t is reported now ... ...mir's regiments in ...

... ... here that he ...ubmission to us by his father-in-law, who accompanied General Roberts from Kabul, and who has recently gone to Herat.

If Government are prepared to recognise his claim to Kandahar, this solution of the existing political problem is not unlikely. There would remain the difficulty of keeping the peace between him and Abdul Rahman.

ABDUL RAHMAN.

Abdul Rahman has increased the discontent against him by bestowing in marriage upon Mahomed Jan two of the late Shere Ali's widows.

THE MARRIS.

The Marris have sent in their submission to General Macgregor, agreeing to the terms which Sir Robert Sandeman considers satisfactory.

THE VICEROY'S SHOOTING-PARTY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 9.

Since the first beat the sport at Dehra has not been so successful. The Viceroy now proceeds to Umritsar, leaving Saharunpore to-morrow (Tuesday).

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

REINFORCEMENTS FOR DERVISH PASHA.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 8.

Reinforcements are being sent to Dervish Pasha. Riza Pasha has left Albania for Constantinople.

SIR FREDERICK ROBERTS.

CAIRO, Nov. 8.

The Khedive has ordered the Governor of Suez to compliment General Sir Frederick Roberts on his arrival there, and to show him honour.

RUSSIAN GRAIN MERCHANTS THREATENED.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 8.

Owing to the rise in prices, the Russian Government have threatened to transport the principal grain merchants.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 8.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Wistow Hall arrived here from Bombay this morning.

LONDON, Nov. 8.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed with supplies freely offered. Surats unchanged.

The London Cotton market has been quiet.

Fair Dhollera	4¾d.
The Manchester market has been quiet.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	80½
4 do. do.	88
3 per cent. Consols for account	99⅛
5 do. French Rents, 1872	119½
Bar Silver	51 13-16d.
Oriental Bank shares	£20
Chartered	£22
Do. Mercantile shares	£22
Hongkong and Shanghai shares	£38-10

The sum of about £125,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

The sum of about £150,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England for North America.

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, Nov. 9, 12-45 A.M.

Mail steamer Bokhara from Bombay, arrived

GALLE, Nov. 9, 13-40 P.M.

Mail steamer Kashgar, from Bombay, arrived.

MR. ARTHUR SKETCHLEY, the famous author who has given to the world the quaint narratives of Mrs. Brown's varied experiences and adventures, is at present in Bombay, having arrived from Australia by the last mail; and we understand he intends next week to give the Bombay public an opportunity of listening to his humorous recitals. We rarely in Bombay have an opportunity of indulging in such genuine fun as Mr. Sketchley's clever impersonation of that very original British matron, Mrs. Brown, affords.

AN old Indian officer, who has settled in Victoria, Australia, writes to a friend in Bombay to reiterate the warning already several times given to old Anglo-Indians not to regard that colony or Tasmania as a desirable retiring place. He says:—"Warn people from coming here or going to Tasmania. Both places are a delusion."

THE N. Battery, 1st Brigade Royal Artillery, will march at an early date from Kurrachee to Hyderabad, where it is to be stationed.

THE *Indu-Prakash* is glad to see that the natives of Bombay "have become alive to the necessity of having a social institution in a club on the models of Anglo-Indian clubs in Bombay and elsewhere. Two clubs are in course of formation among us. One is the Parsi Club, the members of which consist mainly of Parsis, among whom are many of our public-spirited and respectable citizens of Bombay. The other is the Native Club, on a more catholic plan, got up by some of the educated and influential Hindu gentlemen of this city. The Native Club, although consisting mostly of Hindu gentlemen, has also many well-known Parsi names on the list of its subscribers."

THE agricultural prospects of Allahabad are said to be eminently unsatisfactory. Though the sanitary condition of the district is unusually good, and food-grains not unusually dear, except in Kairagarh, parts of Arail, and parts of the trans-Ganges pergunnahs, there has been no *kharif* to speak of, and in the best tracts there will be about a six-anna crop all round.

A NUMBER of the members of the Indian Association, Lahore, most emphatically repudiate the memorial that has been submitted to Government against the Punjab University College being raised to the status of a university. This memorial, they say, was prepared without the previous sanction of a duly-constituted meeting of the Association, and has been passed at a thinly-attended meeting against rules 14 and 16 of the association. Most of them had never heard of the memorial till they actually received it the other day; and it seems to them to proceed upon such a complicated tissue of misgrounds that they can not allow such a document to go forth without a formal repudiation of their having had any connection with its preparation or submission.

THE future prospects of the *rabi* crop in the North-West Provinces now depend entirely, it seems, upon the Christmas rains. If these are good and general, the cultivators, except in certain districts, may yet pull through; but if these fail, says the *Pioneer*, there must undoubtedly be wide spread distress. With the view of preparing to meet this, if it should come upon us, the local Government is already expanding, in every possible way, the operations of the Provincial Public Works Department, and is pushing forward the construction of as many useful and desirable works as can be provided for on the basis of present sanctioned expenditure. For instance, instructions have been given, with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, to push on as vigorously as possible all sanctioned masonry and earthwork on the various main and distributory channels of the Lower Ganges Canal. By this means the Government will hasten the completion of irrigation works protecting a large additional area of the N.-W. Provinces and afford employment to labourers seeking work, thus keeping the labouring classes in good heart. In Rai Bareli, at the Commissioner's request, Government has sanctioned the commencement of a relief work as soon as it may be found necessary; but this period has not been considered by the Commissioner to have come yet. In the meantime the most anxious and careful thought is being given to the selection of the best and most useful works for relief should a failure of the cold-weather rains render necessary their establishment elsewhere also.

A LONDON paper says that it was the wish of the Secretary of State for India to offer Sir Lewis Pelly, K.C.E., K.C.S.I., a seat on the Indian Council in recognition of his distinguished political services in India, but difficulties arose to prevent Sir Lewis obtaining the vacancy created by the death of Sir William Merewether.

THE *Army and Navy Gazette* remarks:—It may be doubted whether there is any military necessity for maintaining the expensive posts of Colonels of Horse Artillery at Umballa and Bangalore, seeing that these stations have now been many months without these officers, who, though detailed for duty there, are still at home.

A TELEGRAM to London from Alexandria says that the Egyptian Government is sending reinforcements to Abyssinia. One steamer has sailed with 800 soldiers, and the Khedive's yacht Mahroussah is embarking 800 troops for immediate despatch.

THE Madrid papers have published articles upon the question of Gibraltar, demanding that in order to advise all antagonism on the subject to cease there should be a revision of the treaty of Utrecht, with a view to fixing the territorial and maritime boundaries of Gibraltar and fortifying the port of Algesiras.

THE first number of the new French journal to support the views of Prince Jerome Bonaparte was to appear on November 1. The name of the paper is to be the *Napoleon*.

IT is understood the *Pall Mall* says, that the board of visitors for the Cooper's-hill College have proposed some modification in the mode of admission to that institution. The limit of age for admission is to be raised from nineteen to twenty-one years, and admission is to be by a pass instead of a competitive examination, the final competition for Indian appointments taking place at the end of the college course.

LORD NELSON'S flagship, the Victory, was on the 21st October decorated with garlands of laurel in commemoration of the anniversary of the battle of Trafalgar. The members of the Royal Naval Club of 1765 held their annual banquet in commemoration of the anniversary of the battle at Willis's Rooms in the evening. Admiral Sir William Mends, K.C.B., presided, the guest on the occasion being General Sir Daniel Lysons, K.C.B. Owing to the coldness of the weather Admiral of the Fleet Sir George Sartorius, K.C.B., who was present at the memorable conflict, although in excellent health, was prevented from attending the dinner.

THE latest telegrams from the Cape published in the home papers received by last mail state that—"Colonel Carrington destroyed the enemy's position at Mafeteng during the night of the 15th October. The colonial forces subsequently had an engagement with a body of the insurgent Basutos, about 1,000 strong, and completely defeated them. Colonel Clarke, with the colonial forces, relieved Mafeteng after heavy fighting with the rebels. Our loss is reported to be 26 killed and 10 wounded, chiefly belonging to the 2nd Yeomanry. The Basutos are said to have had 300 of their men killed." The following telegram was received from the Premier of the Cape Colony, dated Cape Town, October 25:—"The Residency and military camp at Maseru were attacked by a large body of rebels on Sunday night last. The attack was repulsed by the Colonial forces at all points. The rebels lost heavily. Casualties on our side, one native killed. The rebels have left the neighbourhood. Position perfectly secure. Colonel Carrington, commanding at Mafeteng, reports all well. He has 16 days' supplies. General Clarke is concentrating troops on the border ten miles from Mafeteng. He will probably march in with a large force on the 19th instant. The latest intelligence from the Transkei is satisfactory. The native tribes adjoining the rebels in Griqualand East are sending contingents to assist the magistrate in suppressing the rebellion. The Pondos are quiet."

THE Irish Land League, it appears from the last number of *Fors Clavigera*, has found a new and formidable supporter in Mr. Ruskin. The champion of "God and the Queen" never reads the newspapers, and had never heard of the Land League until somebody asked him if he approved of its principles. Mr. Ruskin, of course, had no difficulty in evolving from his inner consciousness the programme of the League: "Ireland for the Irish, and no man to possess more land than he can actually use." This formula, if anything, goes beyond the views of Mr. Parnell, but it must be right, for we are told that it expresses the intentions of "the Maker of Ireland and of all other lands." Mr. Ruskin modestly hints that unless they take into their counsels one who knows "the ways of God" better than they do, the Leaguers will not reach their end until after many failures and disasters. The *Pall Mall* says, according to some current theories, Mr. Ruskin's language is distinctly seditious, and he should stand in the same dock with Mr. Parnell, Mr. Sexton, and Mr. Biggar.

Truth relates how a young lady, well-known in Liverpool on account of her beauty, was married recently at Whitchurch. When the Canon who was officiating read the words, "love, honour, and obey" the young lady declined to repeat the last. Three times the canon paused for an echo, and paused in vain. Then he went on with the service. But is this young lady married or not? What—should her disobedience lead to an interview with Sir James Hannen—will that eminent judge rule on the subject?

THE London correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian* says that at the opening meeting of the Royal Geographical Society an interesting paper on Central Africa will be read by Mr. Thomson, who succeeded on the death of Mr. Johnston to the command of the expedition organised and sent out by the Royal Geographical Society. "Mr. Thomson, has not one case of bloodshed, robbery, or desertion to report during his travel through over 4,000 miles of savage country, 1,500 miles of which had never been explored before. Among other things he has discovered is a beautiful lake, over 60 miles long, surrounded by precipitous mountains 600 feet above the sea level. The lake he named the "Leopold," after the Prince. Leopold he also traced an outlet to Lake Tanganyika, which he found a swift stream, and following it he traced it to its junction with the Congo river. This outlet is altogether new, for Cameron could find no stream running from Lake Tanganyika. The result gained by this research into unknown lands is an overwhelming testimony of their wonderful fertility, combined with the friendliness of the inhabitants and their desire to carry on trade with other countries. The truth of Stanley's description of the natives has been somewhat shaken, for Mr. Thomson found nothing but friendliness wherever he went, and a long list of trade and barter predominant. He has in many cases had to correct statements made by his predecessors as to the geographical formation of the countries he has passed through."

THE small colony which the Italians established some time ago on the African coast of the Red Sea, nearly opposite Aden, seems to be progressing and gradually assuming commercial importance. Besides the numerous vessels which traverse the Red Sea since the opening of the Suez Canal, there are only a few small steamers which carry on a coasting trade from port to port: the great mercantile traffic between Arabia and Egypt is carried on by means of caravans, which travel as far as Kantara, on the right bank of the Canal. Notwithstanding this, the Rubattino Company has ventured to organise a complete flotilla, with Suez as the terminus of the line. Its light vessels make periodical voyages from one coast to the other, touching at Abadah, Modian, Hauna, Iambo, Jeddah, Chezan, Mocha, Arkeko, and Assab. There is now excellent water at Assab, and many foreign vessels make a détour in order to lay in a supply. It is hoped also that a depôt for coal will soon be established. The agent for the Italian Government at Assab has even thought of establishing an institution for the children of sailors and of the natives, on the pattern of similar institutions established in various parts of the world by England and France.

IN an article on "The Attitude of Italy," the *National Zeitung*, the influential organ of the German National Liberal party, rebukes the Italians for their aspirations after territorial aggrandisement as one of the conditions of the disruption of the Turkish Empire. According to the Berlin paper, these aspirations take two definite directions—the acquisition of Trieste, or of Tunis and Tripolis. In return for either of these Italy is prepared to ally herself with England and Russia on the one side, or with Germany and Austria on the other. The *National Zeitung* regards the design upon Trieste as particularly unfortunate. It is not justified either historically or politically. The modern Italians cannot be regarded as the heirs of the Romans, and therefore they have no claim to Trieste because it was a Roman town. In the Christian-German period Trieste was a bishopric, and later on its fears of Venice induced it to place itself voluntarily under the protection of Austria. For the past 500 years it has been Austrian, and its present importance has accrued to it entirely as an Austrian possession. Italy can never hope to gain the control of both sides of the Adriatic. Should Austria disappear, the change would not be to the advantage of Italy; a Slav Power would rule the northern shores, and the Greeks the southern. Venice, Ancona, and Brindisi cannot wish to see a Slav Power, under the control of Russia, extending from the Black Sea to the Adriatic. The contiguity of Austria and Greece is much more desirable. As for Tunis, the Italian politicians will gain nothing by an alliance with England. The English Government will always rather cultivate the friendship of France than support Italian interests against France; and France, who believes that she rendered Italy important services twenty years ago, will not now tolerate Italian claims in the Mediterranean.

COUNT ALBERT DE DION, who attacked M. Aurélien Scholl with his fists and a bottle a few weeks ago, a feat for which he will have to come before the Correctional Chamber one of these days, *Life* says, made his appearance there this week as prosecutor. When going to Dieppe races in the summer he fell in with a party of sharpers in the railway carriage, and allowed himself to be fleeced of all the money he had, 1,200 francs, by the three-card trick. Thereupon an individual, whom he described as well-dressed, offered to lend him funds, and when the train stopped M. de Dion owed some 3,500 francs to that obliging person. A little after his return to Paris he had a visit from a commissionnaire, who brought him a receipt for that amount signed in what appeared to him to be a false name, so his suspicions that he had been cheated were at last aroused, and instead of paying the 3,500 francs he had his accommodating creditor tracked and arrested. The upshot of the trial was droll—to an observer, at least. Nothing was proved against the defendant except that he betted on races, had lent the money named to M. de Dion, and had given a false name in demanding it back. He was forthwith sent to prison for thirteen months, and was fined as well. The only consolation offered him appeared next morning in the papers, some of which assured him that he would be soon rejoined by M. de Dion, while all, or with scarcely an exception, pointed to the enormity of the offence committed by a member of the Jockey Club in gambling at the three-card trick with men he did not know, and especially in borrowing from a person he had never seen before, although that individual had volunteered to lend it to him. Judges and journalists seemed agreed in thinking the young man had done something very heinous.

THE BATTLE OF MAIWAND.

AN interesting letter appears in the *Times*, dated Kandahar, September 8, giving a very full and clear account of the battle of Maiwand. We have not space to quote it in full to-day, but extract the following important passages:—

"The ammunition of the 66th had just been made up to 70 rounds a man, when a heavy fire from the two native regiments announced that Ayoub's General was making his final effort. This, I thought, could have but one result. What Afghans could stand the fire of the Snider-loader under such circumstances? The Ghazis in our front got thicker, and their standard-bearers came out boldly; but they never tried anything like a charge, and were going down before the 66th by scores. Just at this moment I looked round and saw the enemy's cavalry, easily recognizable by their open formation, getting uncomfortably close to our rear, and infantry soldiers, like beads upon a string, running back from the left of our line. Then the Grenadiers got into square, the guns passed at a gallop, and before the 66th could recover their surprise, 250 or 300 men of Jacob's Rifles came running into their rear, pressing forward the centre of the line by mere weight of numbers. In an instant all was confusion; the men got mixed, and Englishmen and natives moved forward in a mass, every minute getting more confused and entangled. The officers did their best to stop the men and get them into some sort of formation, but in vain; and they moved forward slowly to their proper front, firing at the Ghazis before them, who made no attempt to come to closer quarters, and followed by the Afghan cavalry, who also kept at a respectful distance. General Burrows now rode up, and, with Colonel St. John, made strenuous efforts to stop the retreat and turn the men towards the rest of the force, from whom they were rapidly increasing their distance; but it was of no avail.

"I now heard for the first time how the centre of our line was pierced, and the Rifles driven back on the 66th. It appears that a swarm of Ghazis, preceding the advance of the regulars, got up close to the guns and native infantry along a hollow, and made a desperate charge on them. The guns, which were in echelon of divisions a little in advance of the infantry, were surrounded, and the infantry, falling back, had no choice but to limber up and retreat, leaving two, if not three, limbers which had gone to the wagons for ammunition, on the ground. Even for the other four it was a close thing. Lieutenant Osborne was killed before he could mount his horse, after helping his men limber up with his own hands, and Captain Slade had to make his detachment draw swords to clear away the Ghazis from the teams. The Grenadiers, as we had seen from the right flank, had moved square for a short distance, but only to fall back, while Jacob's Rifles turned and ran into the rear of the 66th. An attempt was made to give the infantry time to rally by a charge of cavalry, but, though gallantly led by Brigadier-General Nuttall, men and horses had suffered too heavily from the long cannonade to which they had been exposed to make the movement of much avail, though it seems to have had the effect of keeping the enemy's horsemen at a safe distance.

"It must have been half-past 3 when the last troops crossed the ravine by the village, the remnant of the 66th, with whom came General Burrows, carrying one wounded and one dead officer on his horse, the third he had mounted that day. Whatever criticisms may have to say to General Burrows's generalship, no one can dispute his unselfish courage and devotion, shown in this and other acts; and I have heard it remarked more than once that if he had had the good luck to be a subaltern instead of a general he would have well deserved the Victoria Cross."

BOMBAY TOWN COUNCIL.

AT the weekly meeting of the Council held yesterday, there were present—Dr. Blaney, Chairman; Sir Frank Souter, Kt., C.S.I., Mr. Douglas, Dr. Cook, Messrs. Muncherjee N. Banajee, Dosabhoy Framjee, C.S.I., Raghunath N. Khote, Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Fazulbhoy C. Gangjee, R. M. Sayani, Nowrojee Furdoonjee, and the Hon'ble Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik, C.S.I.

A ZOO IN THE VICTORIA GARDENS.

The Commissioner forwarded a letter from the solicitors to the Corporation, advising that the purchase and maintenance of animals for a zoological collection in the Victoria Gardens are not within the scope of the purposes to which municipal funds may be applied, as provided by section 137 of the Municipal Act. That section authorises the Corporation to defray such portion of the cost of providing "public instruction" within the limits of the city as the Corporation may think fit. The solicitors said—"Indirectly a zoological collection is, no doubt, an object connected with the education of the public, and set apart for purposes of study many other collections of the same kind. The extent to which municipal funds may be applied in the support of educational objects of this description is apparently limited by clause 2 under the head 'public instruction,' which specially authorises 'contributions towards the erection and maintenance of public libraries and museums.' We do not think that the words 'cost of providing public instruction,' as used in clause 1, were intended, or can be held, to include the purchase and maintenance of a collection of wild animals in a public garden, and we apprehend that no such item is included in the estimates annually submitted by the Director of Public Instruction."

Mr. Nowrojee remarked that the solicitors probably considered the matter in connection with the section relating to education only, but he thought another conclusion might possibly be arrived at if the matter was considered as relating to public gardens.

Mr. Mandlik thought they could hardly call a zoological collection a garden, though it might be called a zoological gardens.

Dr. Cook.—In England they are called zoological gardens.

Mr. Mandlik said it might more properly be called a zoological collection.

Mr. Muncherjee asked what was to be done with the collection at present in the gardens.

The Municipal Commissioner.—It is better to say nothing about it.

Mr. Raghunath said it was all right to maintain the animals while they had no legal opinion to the contrary; but now that legal opinion had been obtained, he thought it would be acting *ultra vires* if they should still spend public money for the maintenance of the animals.

The Commissioner suggested that the matter had better be left to him to deal with; and this course was agreed to.

MUNICIPAL PRINTING WORK.

The Municipal Commissioner, through the chairman, brought forward a tender for printing work by the *Times of India* office, which was said to be the lowest. The chairman said the tables of work submitted were very long; and members would not, perhaps, like to look them through.

Mr. Raghunath said the Commissioner and their energetic secretary having gone through the specifications attached to the tender, it might be accepted.

Mr. Raghunath supposed it was the lowest tender.

The Secretary: Yes, it is the lowest.

The Council then authorised the Commissioner to accept the tender.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS IN THE MUNICIPAL ACTS.

The Council proceeded to consider amendments proposed by the Municipal Commissioner in the Bombay Municipal Acts of 1872 and 1878 that from time to time had been suggested by the Town Council, together with other amendments which, it appeared to Mr. Grant, should be made in the Acts, with a view to the various amendments (as now codified) being considered and passed on to the Corporation for revision and submission to the Legislative Council. Other amendments proposed by Mr. Sayani and Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee as well as by the Assessor and Collector, were also considered. Most of the amendments were agreed to, while a few were rejected.

The Council then adjourned.

BENGAL.

KIDNAPPING.—Particulars of a daring kidnapping case reach us from Bally. A few days ago a Hindoo girl, aged about 10 years, of rather prepossessing appearance, was enticed away from her father's house for immoral purposes by a young man named Anundo Poramanic with the aid of a native unfortunate. The father of the girl, much astonished at her sudden disappearance, instituted a strict search, but without any satisfactory result; accordingly information was given to the police, and two days ago quite accidentally the girl was traced to the house of the young man above named. Both the defendants were arrested on Friday, and arraigned before the Sub-Deputy Magistrate of Howrah they made a clean breast of their guilt. The trial has been adjourned.—*Statesman*.

MADRAS.

THE MADRAS ARMY.—According to the last distribution of the Madras Army issued by the Quarter-Master General, Brigadier-General H. H. O'Connell, there are 67 officers on the Staff, of which number there are 15 on the Army Head-quarter Staff; 7 officers are doing general duty. The British officers in the Artillery number 111. The Sappers and Miners are officered to the extent of 24, while the two regiments of British Cavalry, the 12th Lancers, and 14th Hussars have 40 officers between them. The officers of the British Infantry, 9 regiments of this line, number 215, all told. The 10 regiments of Native Cavalry, there are altogether 35 officers to 299 in foot regiments.—*Madras Times*.

VERY PARTICULAR.—The Madras correspondent of the *South of India Observer* says:—A gentleman, who is very well known and much liked in Madras, had proceeded to the hills to enjoy his well-earned holiday: he had had a weary time of it in his office; there had been rather a blowy time of it in his depôt himself; in work and business matters, also, rather worse than usual. However, he put all his worries under his office chair, and departed on his holiday trip; half the time had barely elapsed when he received the following telegram:—"Dear——Owing to some slight inaccuracy in your last returns, and the fact that they are written on 'double-double pot, and not on 'foolscap,' as ordered by Government, you must return to Madras to rectify matters." The unfortunate recipient had to come back, and of course found that the double-double pot had gone on to the Government of India, and he had to sit and twiddle his thumbs in his office. Supposing all the governors and secretaries were fetched back for their inaccuracies, the roads would be in a constant state of repair from the unusual traffic. But this is the way things are done in Madras; much time and trouble and worry over "double pot" and "foolscap," and no heed paid to the weightier matters of the law.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAILS OF THE 22ND OCT.

THE P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s. s. Mongolia, Commander E. M. Edmond, arrived in harbour yesterday morning at 9 o'clock with the English Mails of the 22nd ult. The following is the list of passengers:—

FROM SOUTHAMPTON.

Major & Mrs. Lane & ayah.
Mrs. Hobart's European female servant.
Mrs. Tucker, infant, and European female servant.
Miss Lawrie.
Mrs Lyall's European female servant.
Major Encelden,
Miss Proctor.
Capt. Goldie.
Capt. R. Gordon.
Miss Grimshaw.
Surg.-Major Parsons,
Mr. J. Atkins,
Miss A. Reid.
Mr. Nettleship.
Col. Bolton.
Mr. W. Phipps.
Lieut. McLaren.
Lieut. Borcen.
Lieut. Atherton.
Mrs. England.
Mrs. Melvin's ayah.
Mr. and Mrs. Brewtry.
Col. D. S. Green, C. B.
Miss Griffin.
Mrs. Sim's native male servt.
Serg. Tobin.
Mr. R. Shaw.
Mrs. Haywood.
Mrs. Benthall, & European female servant.
Mr. and Mrs. Davis, infant, and child.
Mr. Actkinson.
Mrs. L. Dickens.
Mr. and Mrs. Branson, inf., and European fmale servt.

FROM VENICE.

Mr. and Mrs. Macauley infant child and European female servant.
Mr. and Mrs. Logan infant and European female servant.
Mrs. Orr and infant.
Miss Orr and European female servant.
Dr. and Mrs. Bensley.
Miss Apcar.
Mr. Hopton.
Mr. E. Powell.
Mr. H. Stafford.
Mrs. Vincent.
Mr. H. Glenny.
Mr. W. Bennet,
Mr. Liebrintz.
Mrs. Keegan.
Mr. Corisdali.
Mr. Bangalat.
Mr. and Mrs. Hobart.
Mr. and Mrs. Lyall.
Miss. Lyall.
Miss. Beatson
Mr. and Mrs. Broughton and child.
Maj. and Mrs. Bullock.
Mr. C. P. Clark.
Mr. Scott.

FROM BRINDISI.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomson.
Mr. J. Inglesgries.
Mr. G. Evans.
Mr. Macleod.
Mr. Macklillican.
Mr. & Mrs. Whiteway.
Col. Innes.
Mr. & C. Innes.
Major Hancock.
Col. Mayne.
Mr. T. Wyer.
Mr. and Mrs. Smallwood.
Mr. A. Lawson.
Mr. Morris.
Mr. Greenlaloch.
Capt. Nevett.
Major Farror.
W. Wanistone.
Mr. P. White.
Mr. Karples.
Mrs. Laird.
Mr. J. Kinsley.
Mr. C. D. Field.
Mr. Knox Hill.
Mr. Stanley.
Mr. Bommerjee.

Mon de Prado.

FROM SUEZ.

Samideen Effendi.

Capt. Alexander, and native servant.
Mr. Burjorjee.

FROM ADEN.

Mr. Cartwright, and native servant.

HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM 16TH TO 22ND OCT. INCLUSIVE.)

MR. FORSTER, Chief Secretary for Ireland, in declining an invitation to a Liberal banquet at Armagh, wrote that the disturbed state of some parts of the country, which impeded the making of required reforms, and which, he hoped, would be remedied without resort to exceptional laws, engaged the whole of his time and attention.

The appointment of Mr. W. P. Adam, M.P., to be Governor of Madras was notified in Friday's *Gazette*.

Notice was given in Tuesday's *Gazette* of the appointment of a Royal Commission to inquire into the measurement of tonnage of shipping. Among the Commissioners are Mr. Norwood, M.P., Sir E. J. Reed, M.P., and Sir John Stokes.

Lord Justice Thesiger died on Wednesday at the age of 42.

Several of the English Bishops have issued addresses to their clergy advising them to carry out the spirit of the Burials Act in a loyal and charitable spirit.

The Bribery Commissioners are continuing their inquiries in the inculpated boroughs, and the evidence before them proves the existence of very widespread corruption in those towns at the last election.

The petition against the return of Captain Milne Home for Berwick-on-Tweed has been decided in favour of the sitting member, and the Lord Advocate, his opponent, has been adjudged to pay two-thirds of Captain Home's costs.

A meeting of the Farmers' Alliance was held in London recently, under the presidency of Mr. James Howard, M.P. Resolutions were passed calling upon the Government to deal immediately with the land question, recommending legislation to secure to tenants their outlay in improvements and the abolition of the law of distress for rent.

Mr. Bradlaugh, M.P., was announced to lecture on Wednesday at the Exeter Radical Club on the subject of the Land Laws, but on being apprehended, he acceded to the recommendation of the local authorities and left the city.

The annual meeting of the United Kingdom Alliance was held on Tuesday at Manchester. Sir W. Lawson, M.P., who presided, congratulated his audience on the rapid advance of the movement in public opinion, and expressed confidence in its early success. At a public meeting in the evening the Bishop of Manchester presided.

Mr. Parnell, M. P., and Mr. M'Carthy, M. P., addressed a meeting on Sunday at Longford, when the former declared that the National Land League would continue the agitation, although it had not yet decided the exact limit of its demands.

Numerous land meetings have been held at which speeches in favour of abolishing landlordism have been delivered. The Orangemen of Fermanagh have passed resolutions calling upon the Government to adopt measures to repress lawlessness and punish sedition.

The four prisoners who had been arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the murder of Lord Mountmorres were again examined on Friday before the Clonbur magistrates; but the evidence being insufficient to connect them with the crime, they were discharged.

The widow of the murdered Lord Mountmorres has received a threatening letter, and the people of the neighbourhood refuse to sell fuel to her, so that the police employed for her protection have had to cut down trees on the property.

On Saturday, Mr. Hutchins, a landowner near Glengarriff, Cork, was fired at while returning home from collecting rents. He escaped without injury, but the ruffian threw was shot dead. The Government have offered a reward of £1,000 for the discovery of the murderer.

The county of Kerry has been declared to be in a state of disturbance and requiring additional police force.

Dr. Habershon and Mr. Cooper Foster having withdrawn the letter to which exception was taken, the Governors of Sligo unanimously laying his hand on the rod of an electric apparatus provided to light the engine-room.

A new steamer, the Furnessia, was launched on Tuesday at Barrow. This vessel, the largest ever launched in England except the Great Eastern, is intended for the Anchor Line between Glasgow and New York.

An international balloon race (English and French), which had been postponed from Wednesday on account of the unfavourable weather, was started yesterday, from the Crystal Palace.

A heavy fall of snow occurred in most parts of England on Wednesday.

OBITUARY.—H. M. Blair, late Mad. C.S.; General J. K. Luard, Mad. Ret.; Surg.-Gen. T. Aitken, Mad. Ret.; Major O. Reynolds, Mad. Ret.; Lord Justice Thesiger; General A. Low, C.B.; Andrew, late Ben. C.S.; Lieut.-Col. J. Bowyer, late Missionary at Hoonsur; Lady Gore; Lady Jones; Lady Richardson; the Hon. Mrs. Edward Romilly; J. Jones, J.P. and D.L. for Worcestershire.

THE transfer of Dulcigno to the Montenegrins has not yet been completed, and a difficulty has arisen with regard to certain conditions imposed by the Turkish Commissioner. The letter has withdrawn to Scutari in order to obtain fresh instructions, but there is still a strong hope that the question will be settled shortly and in a satisfactory manner. The Albanians have, it is said, withdrawn from Dulcigno, and, according to an Italian journal, there is no prospect of any violent opposition being offered to the entry of the Montenegrin troops.

The Emperor of Russia, with the Princess Dolgorouki and their family, have left St. Petersburg for Livadia. The Czarewitch has proceeded to Livadia, in company with General Loris Melikoff.

The King and Queen of Greece, on their return to Athens, had a cordial reception. Great excitement prevails in respect of an accession of territory at the expense of Turkey.

The Greek Parliament was opened yesterday at Athens by the King in person. The Royal speech, after referring to the great sacrifices made by the country, expressed a determination to obtain the extended territory which the Powers of Europe assembled at Berlin had sanctioned.

The Kurdish incursions into Persia appear to be even of a more serious character than at first represented. According to some accounts the movement is one rather of a general rebellion of the Kurdish tribes against the Persian sovereignty.

The differences between Russia and China are stated to be in progress of arrangement, and a similar report is made of the dispute between China and Japan respecting to Loo Choo Islands.

Prince Jerome Napoleon has refused to receive a deputation of Imperialists who were desirous of inducing him to withdraw his claims as representative of the Bonaparte dynasty.

M. Félix Pyat has been condemned to two years' imprisonment for an article in his newspaper justifying regicide, and vindicating the attempt of Berezowski against the life of the Emperor of Russia.

On Saturday the establishments of the Carmelite and Barnabite orders throughout France were forcibly entered by the police, and their inmates expelled. Protests were made in each case, and at Montpellier the Bishop informed the Prefect that he was excommunicated. Although there was considerable excitement in some places, no breach of the peace occurred.

The insurgent Basutos have been defeated with great loss, and the beleaguered Colonial force at Mafeteng has been relieved.

THE SERVICES AT HOME.

ARRIVALS REPORTED.

Capt. C. H. M. Kensington, R.B. Engr.
Lieut. F. C. Tobin, Bo. S.C.
Major J. W. Macdougall, M.S.C.
Lieut. A. Hogge, Bo. S.C.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Mr. E. B. Thornhill, B.C.S., 6 mo.
Mr. W. Rigby, B. Uncov., 3 mo.
Mr. F. Search, B. Uncov., 6mo.
Mr. H. Clutterbuck, jun., B. Uncov., 2 mo.
Lieut.-Col. W. Boddam, B.S.C., 2 mo.
Major L. Conway Gordon, R. B. Engr., 1 mo.
Capt. S. C. Turner, R.B. Engr., 1 mo.
Hon. Lieut. W. Wilson, B., 6 mo.
Lieut. M. Laugharne, R. B. Engr., 6 mo.
Surg. H. D. Cullimore, M., 3 mo.
Mr. W. Lee-Warner, Bo. C.S., 9 mo.
Mr. W. H. Crowe, Bo. C.S., 4 mo. (return cancelled).
Col. J. A. M. Macdonald, Bo. S.C., 6 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

Mr. F. I. G. Hatchell, B. Uncov.
Mr. T. E. Moore, B. Uncov.
Mr. R. P. Fincham, B. Uncov.
Mr. H. Clutterbuck, sen., B. Uncov.
Mr. A. J. Bryant, B. Uncov.
Col. J. T. Watson, B.S.C.
Maj. W. Graham Smith, B. Inf.
Capt. C. C. C. Barlow, R. B. Engr.
Capt. J. R. Battye, B.S.C.
Lieut.-Col. H. Des Vœux, B.S.C.
Lieut. G. E. Money, B.S.C.
Surg.-Maj. C. E. Kilkelly, B.
Surg.-Maj. J. H. Gordon, B.
Sub-Condr. W. E. Walker, B.
Mr. J. D. Goldingham, M.S.C.
Mai. E. S. Ludlow, M.S.C.
Lieut. A. G. H. Hayne, M.S.C.
Maj. R. G. Mayne, Bo. Cav.
Lieut. A. L. Blanshard, B.S.C.
Lieut. W. Way, Bo. S.C.
Surg.-Maj. W. Reid, M.D., Bo.

ONE DAY IN INDIA.

By SIR ALI BABA, K.C.B.

ONLY A COOLY.

THE Cooly is the great motive power in the East. Orders vibrating down through all classes of society take effect upon the Cooly. The Viceroy projects a railway, and a thrill of instructions passes through a Member of Council, Secretary, Under-Secretary, Chief Engineer, Superintending Engineer, Executive Engineer, Assistant-Engineer, Subordinate Engineer, until breaking upon the shores of Coolydom it passes off in labour. The Comptroller-General cuts a Governor's pay, and the Governor transmits a wave of retrenchment through his entire household, until it surges upon shopkeepers and servants, and a Cooly dies of starvation. The Commander-in-Chief administers a reprimand, and Generals swear, Colonels curse, Majors blaspheme, Captains threaten, and finally a Subaltern thrashes his punkah Coolies. Thus orders convertible into labour or pain are carried off by the Cooly. The Cooly suffers, and Eastern Society is purged of exertion and heat.

The Cooly is not much to look at. In the descending scale, before you reach King Thebaw and the anthropomorphous apes, he is the last thing you can call a man. He is just on the windy side of humanity. A step more and he would be the apex of the animal kingdom: he would supplant the ourang-outang and the chimpanzee.

He has neither religion, nor caste, nor music, nor traditions, nor prejudices. He would eat an overseer or a platelayer; he would dine with the Archbishop of Canterbury, or hang himself in a pigskin if the occasion arose. His life is without the sailing directions of any social law, written or unwritten; his eye rests upon the lode-star of appetite, and he carries about a basket full of earth, or grubs in the weeds of a plantation.

Wanting imagination, he is always cheerful. He will sing from the rising sun of June sweeping the sand and pickaxes of a ballast train; he will chatter gaily on the topmost rail of a high-level bridge scaffolding with hungry Eternity yawning beneath him; he will drink out of the foulest cesspool, and die freely of cholera in scores, as if it were his vocation. He envies no man his genius, or wealth, or piety. He sees the Assistant-Engineer measuring metal heaps, according to the most advanced principles of Cooper's Hill, and he regards him not; he looks at the planter counting out his money, but it suggests to him nothing; the voice of the missionary falls upon his ears, but with smiles he considereth not his precepts. He says to himself, "I am only a Cooly, trample upon me: let "Science, Wealth, and Religion trample upon me, I am only a Cooly. I go forth to my work

"en remplacement de M. le General Courtot de Cissey, mis en disponibilite." General de Cissey, who was Minister of War from 1871 to 1876, is thus superseded, his proferred resignation not being accepted. He had previously addressed the following letter to General Farre, Minister of War :—

"Yesterday, in view of the passionate attacks of the Press, I wished above everything to avoid the authority of my command being impaired by the discussion of inferiors, and asked you to relieve me of my functions. At that moment, moreover, the private individual alone was aimed at. For many years I have been resolved to meet those attacks with indifference and contempt. Now, however, these increasing attacks are directed against my honour as a soldier, and my conscience indignantly revolts. The *Figaro* connects the affair which occupies us with my departure from the Ministry ; it mixes Marshal MacMahon, the Prefect of Police, and the War Office officials in the matter. All this is false, and its falseness must be made known. Lastly, an ignoble article, which I send you from M. Laisant's paper, the *Petit Parisien*, puts a climax to these unworthy calumnies by accusing me of treason. Light must be thrown on the matter. I owe it to my 50 years of honour and loyal services. I owe it to all my comrades. I owe it to the Senate, justly jealous of its members' honour, which will refuse none of the requisite permissions. The case just tried was incomplete. Contrary to what has been written, I was neither summoned nor heard, and yet by a skilful diversion I alone now bear the weight of it. I ask the Government to direct an inquiry into my acts. Will you do less for me, a General of Division, like yourself, than you have done for Colonel Jung ? If that inquiry is unfavourable to me—if, instead of impudences of the private individual, a mere suspicion is found justifying these monstrous attacks—then let a court-martial decide. But, till then, that the men who for fifty years has served his country, has gloriously shared in all her campaigns—that the Minister who, finding France at a lower ebb than in 1815, delivered up to Prussia and to the Commune, helped to raise her up and to build up what now exists—that this General of Division should be obiously vilified without the Government being startled and giving him the right he demands is impossibe."

General de Cissey, in a farewell order of the day to the 11th Army Corps, says :—

"In order to confound infamous calumniators without exposing the dignity of the Commander-in-Chief, I have requested the Minister of War to be relieved of my functions. My request has been accepted. . . . As regards myself, I await with confidence the results of the investigation, which will show that your former general never ceased to be worthy of a post he has a right to be proud of, and of the honour which was conferred on him when he was intrusted with the command of the 11th Army Corps."

The Minister of War has sent the following reply to General de Cissey's letter :—

"My dear General,—I have before me the letter you have written to me requesting the Government to order an investigation of your acts. In whatever relates to acts of an officer of the army, whatever be his rank, there can be only two kinds of investigation. The first applies to acts of a purely disciplinary character, and takes place before a council of investigation, pursuant to rules laid down by the decree of the 29th of June, 1878 ; the second relates to acts provided for by the penal law and falling within the jurisdiction of a court-martial, and it arises upon an order given by the competent military authority. In the affair in question the act I have had to take into account is the divulging at a recent trial of two letters which were attributed to you. As you have not denied their genuineness, the Government has not deemed it needful to consult a council of investigation, and has decided that you should be deprived of your command, not at your request, as you affirm in your order of the day to the troops, but as a measure of discipline—a serious measure, considering your military services and the high position you hold in the army. As to the other acts imputed to you by certain papers, they would fall within the jurisdiction of the court-martial. I have not found in these attacks or in the facts ground for an order, and to give such an order solely at your request would be contrary to juridical principles. You appeal to a precedent which does not exist. You can prosecute before the Law Courts the authors of the imputations you complain of.—FARRE."

THE BONAPARTISTS AND PRINCE JEROME.

October 18.

A Bonapartist meeting was held yesterday consisting of about 2,000 anti-Jeromists and 500 Jeromists. The latter were expelled or retired at an early stage, and a deputation was nominated to ask Prince Napoleon to resign in his son's favour. They have, however, received the following answer, which confirms the belief that the Prince intends to come more prominently on the scene even at the risk of molestation from the Government :—

"Gentlemen,—I have received the letter you have written me and which you have published in your newspapers. I know what you wish to say to me. You know what I should reply. It is useless, therefore, for me to receive you. It is not my custom to undergo the interrogatories of my political opponents or to exculpate myself from lying accusations. Let those who, in opposition to me, think themselves the representatives of the Napoleonic party write, speak, and act as they please. I pity the honest men they lead after them, but I shall not discuss their puerile illusion. As for me, in my own name and that of my two sons, it suffices for me to attest once more the diversity of our policies. Recevez, Messieurs, l'assurance de mes sentiments. —NAPOLEON (JEROME)."

TRIAL OF M. PYAT

October 19.

The trial came on to-day of M. Pyat, the amnestied Communist, for his article extolling regicide in general, and Berezowski, the Pole, who fired at the Czar in 1867, in particular. The article demanded the liberation of Berezowski, who is under sentence of imprisonment for life, and opened a subscription for presenting him with a pistol. M. Pyat allowed the case to be tried without his attendance. The public prosecutor made some sarcastic remarks on his violence in words and conduct in deeds as evidenced by his escape to London, when he left in the lurch the mob whom he had incited to the fray. He also commented on the shamelessness of eulogizing a man who, himself enjoying French hospitality, attempted the life of a Sovereign on a visit to France. M. Pyat was sentenced to two years' and the publisher of his paper to six months' imprisonment, and both were fined 1,000f. There is a threat of a great demonstration by the Communists on the sentence being definitively confirmed, but it can scarcely be supposed they will risk such a thing as long as the National Guard is not re-established. Fines of 1,000f., however, are not likely to moderate the violence of these fanatics.

FRENCH REPUBLICANISM.

The General Council of the Seine declined to-day, by 31 to 20, to entertain a resolution condemning M. Gambetta's "imprudent speech" at Cherbourg and demanding the immediate recall of the French fleet from the Adriatic. Even had this been carried it would have been annulled as contrary to the law precluding municipal and departmental bodies from meddling in politics. This, of course, its authors knew, their only object being to keep up the non-intervention cry against M. Gambetta and against the Government. This cry, however, is evidently dying out, and to-day both the *Republique Francaise* and the *Debats* call attention, of course by a mere coincidence, to a point too often forgotten in recent discussion—viz., that France studies her own interest as well as that of Europe by joining the European Concert. The *Republique Francaise* remarks that a nation having capital and commerce at stake in Egypt and Syria, and bound by Algerian interests to keep an eye on Tunies, cannot wash its hands of Mediterranean affairs. So far from the interests of French diplomacy in rising nationalities being merely sentimental, sentimentality has had nothing to do with it :—

"The policy of the Republican Government has simply had in view the protection of the national interests and all its acts have converged to this object. It will not be proved to be wrong until it is shown that France has no interest in watching and restraining by her diplomatic action in the Mediterranean the commercial and political rivalries which have not yet been able to enter there."

The Duc de Chartres, who is colonel of the 12th Chasseurs, on Sunday last, at a dinner of the officers who have been taking part in the firing exercises at Evreux, in his reply to a toast in his honour, spoke like a stanch Republican to the amazement, it seems, of many. He said :—

"I passed a part of my youth in America. In that country it is the custom at meetings like this to give a toast which ranks before all the others and is called the 'loyal toast.' That toast I shall propose neither to the active army nor to the territorial army ; I propose it to the union of the two armies—to the entire army, the national army. I drink to France ; to her Government ; to M. Grévy, President of the Republic ; to our General of War, General Farre ; to General Borel, the illustrious Commander of the 3rd Corps ; lastly, to all of you, in the certainty of our finding ourselves together again on the day of danger in the field of honour and patriotism."

The Legitimists are incensed at this indirect acceptance of the Republic by the brother of the Comte de Paris, the *quasi*-Dauphin of Legitimacy.

EARTHQUAKES IN FRANCE AND SPAIN.

A PARIS telegram (Oct. 21) says that several shocks of earthquake were felt on Wednesday at Dijon and in the neighbouring country at Lamarche-sur-Saone. They were so severe that it was thought the powder magazine at Vonges had exploded.

A very slight shock of earthquake, lasting six seconds, was felt yesterday in Madrid. The shock was stronger in the centre of the city than in the outskirts. No damage was done.

A shock of earthquake, the after effects of which were felt in almost every part of the country, occurred both at Lisbon and Coimbra yesterday morning, without, however, doing any damage.

Shocks of earthquake have occurred in several towns of the province of Zamora, but no damage has been done.

A Reuter's telegram from Cardova says a shock of earthquake, lasting two seconds, was felt there yesterday, accompanied by a loud subterranean rumbling. No damage was done.—*Globe*, Oct. 22.

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Compensated and Adjusted.
Every part interchangeable.

CLOCKS. Gentlemen's Gold Cases, 2 ozs. . . £28
Ladies' Gold Cases, 1 oz. £15

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PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., FOR SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned :—

CHAMPAGNE.

	Per Doz. Quarts.	Per 2 Doz. Pints.
Eugene Oliequot's Carte Blanche . . .	Rs. 36 0	Rs. 38 0
Jules Camuset's Champagne, very dry	,, 40 0	
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	,, 55 0	,, 58 0

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From G. M. PABSTMANN SOHN, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer	Rs. 16 8	Rs. ..
Hochheimer	,, 26 12	,, ..
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Geisenheimer	,, 18 8	,, 21 8
Liebfraumilch	,, 22 0	,, 25 0
Steinwein	,, 22 0	,, ..
Rueidesheimer	,, 26 12	,, 29 12
Marcobrunner	,, 30 8	,, 33 8
Queen Victoria Berg	,, 36 8	,, ..

*BRANDY.

Boulestin & Co. Brandy * 1 star	Rs. 20 0	per doz. qts.
Do. do. ** 2 stars	,, 24 0	,,
Do. do. *** 3 stars	,, 28 8	,,
Mulier Freere's Brandy	,, 19 0	,,
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F. Dessandier & Co. * Brandy	,, 24 0	,,
Fromy and Rogers *** 3 stars Cognac	,, 30 0	,,

CLARETS.

From H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frands	Rs. 13 0	Rs. 15 0
Les Canons	,, 17 0	,, 19 0
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From MONTHEUIL FRANK FILS AINE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau Labranche	Rs. 26 0	Rs. 28 0
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BEER.

IND (COOPE) & Co.'s PALE	Rs. 5	4 per doz. qts.
Do. do.	,, 3	6 per doz. pts.
Flower and Sons' Pale Al	,, 5	0 per doz. qts.
Do. do.	,, 3	0 per doz. pts.
Swiss Bitter from Alpine Plants . . .	,, 21	0 Rs. 27 0
John Walker and Son's Old Highland Whiskey	,, 21	0 ..
Liesinger Export Beer (Austrian) in cases of 2 dozen Imperial pints . . .	,, 4	4 per doz. pts.

GERMAN ASPARAGUS AND SAUSAGES.

Asparagus	Rs.	2 0 per Tin.
Leberwurst (Liver Sausages)	,,	1 4 ,,
Mettwurst (smoked Sausage)	,,	1 6 ,,
Cervelatwurst (smoked Brain Sausages)	,,	1 8 ,,
Cumbratene Saucischen (Roast Sausages)	,,	1 12 ,,

Outstation Orders should be accompanied by a remittance of reference for payment in Bombay.
Cash payments carry a discount of 5 per cent.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart Row, Fort.

Bombay, 9th February, 1880.

NOTICES.

CABUL FIELD SERVICE TENTS,

WEIGHING 80 lbs., Price Rs. 75, Can be had at short notice on application, accompanied by remittance in full, to

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SIGNOR J. MANOLESCU begs to inform his patrons and the public that he has REMOVED to larger PREMISES, opposite to his recent shop in Meadow Street, which has been fitted up with every convenience to suit a large and rapidly increasing trade. Ladies and Gentlemen frequenting this establishment will find the attention given to every branch of the business by the proprietor will leave nothing to be desired.

Wigs and every kind of Hair ready-made or made to order. Ladies own hair made up in the latest fashion.

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Advances made on approved Personal Security in connection with Life Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

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MANAGING DIRECTOR.
9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE BHOWNUGGER MILLS AND PRESS COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be HELD on WEDNESDAY, the 10th November, 1880, at the registered office of the Company, No. 8, Church Lane, at 3 p. m., to transact the following business :

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheets for the period ending 30th June, 1880.
2. To elect Directors in the room of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election, and to confirm the appointment of Directors made by the Board.
3. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 3rd to the 10th November, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.

C. H. B. FORBES & Co., Secretaries.
8, Church Lane, Bombay, 23rd October, 1880.

L. STEFFENAUER,
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BEGS to inform the Public that a LARGE STOCK of all qualities of WATCHES is at present in stock, and that he will be able to supply at any rate, from Rs. 14 in Brass, Rs. 20 to Rs. 35 in German Silver, and Rs. 20 to Rs. 250 in Silver Cases.

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These Watches are to be had in Open Faced, Full, Half (or semi) Hunting Cases, as well as in Good Warranted 18-Carat Gold Cases.

Open Faced with Crystal Glass	Rs. 140
In a Hunting Case	,, 150
In a Half Hunting Case	,, 170

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ENGRAVED SETS, from Rs. 40.

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Ribbed and Diagonal Coatings, Blue or Black, in a variety of textures, all Wool, best West of England . . . Rs. 30 to	35 0
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Single-Breasted Lounge Coat, cut loose, with a band round the waist, and buttoning up to the throat, with ordinary Trowsers to match	20 0
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Best Bedford Cord, all shades of colour, Riding Trowsers	22 0
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These watches are of moderate size, in an extremely well-made and tight-shutting German Silver case. The movement is protected inside by a glass dome.

The movement has a Patent Lever Escapement, built on the soundest scientific principles.

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The figures of the dial and the hands are left extra bold, so that the time can be seen instantly on a glance at the dial, and in nearly complete darkness.

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We receive now regular shipments of these watches by each mail, and every order can for the future be executed by return post.

Only watches that have been examined and timed are despatched on orders.

2 years' guarantee. Packing and postage free.

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Illustrated Catalogues giving details of our enormous stock of pocket Watches, Clocks &c., sent free on application.

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